

Development of 2D Models for Velocities and Pressure Distribution in Viscous Flow Between two Parallel Co-Rotating Discs

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Abstract

The study of flow of fluid between two parallel co-rotating discs continues to be of great concern to engineers and mathematicians. Previous works on this physical phenomenon have extensively applied experimental, analytical and numerical methods such as finite difference, spectral, and boundary element methods of analysis. Consequently, the present study is on the use of finite element method to develop models for predicting velocities and pressure distribution for viscous flow between two parallel discs co-rotating at the same angular velocity.

Finite element method an element-wise and powerful numerical tool is used in this study to solve Continuity and Navier-Stokes equations. The first approach was to reduce the non-linear Navier-Stokes equations to solvable non-dimensional governing differential equations for radial velocity, tangential velocity and pressure by order of magnitude analysis; Galerkin-weighted-residual finite element is then used to discretize the governing equations into element equations which are solved to obtain models to predict velocities and pressures distribution. The resulting finite element solutions for radial velocity, tangential velocity and pressure are compared to the closed-form analytical solutions obtained from the present study's governing equations. Finally, different values of Reynolds number, radius ratio, swirl velocity, and angular velocity are used to determine their effects in the flow domain.

The results obtained showed that finite element method models converged fast to closed-form analytical models as the number of elements are increased, and the more the radial and tangential velocity profiles assumed better parabolic profile. More so, radial and tangential velocities are seen to depend on Reynolds number, radial location, and angular velocity with radial velocity increasing significantly with swirl ratio; while pressure is observed to depend on all the parameters except Reynolds number.

Therefore in this study, two dimensional models for velocity components and pressure distribution have been developed with the intension of aiding in finite element-based Tesla pump/turbine design of experimental set-up and/or software since with the models design geometry and flow parameters can easily be varied

Keywords: Tesla pump, 2D viscous flow, Navier-Stokes, discs-gap, close-formed, analytical solution, finite element solution

1.0 Introduction

Nikola Tesla in 1913 patented a turbine, referred to as bladeless turbine. This bladeless turbine is based on the principle of centripetal fluid flow over a bladeless disc surface with the fluid and disc interface being governed by the adhesion and

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boundary layer effects.

Today, the flow of fluid in Tesla systems is categorized into two main configurations: turbine and pump configurations, which are sometimes simplified into radial inflow or outflow, with or without swirling, between two closely spaced parallel co-rotating discs. Present study is on the pump configuration, which involves the fluid entering the disc gap through a small inlet hole near the disc centre from where it makes contact with the rotating discs to flow radially outwards. The tangential and radial velocity components in this flow are mainly due to the effects of adhesion, boundary layer effects and centrifugal forces.

Fluid flows are known to be governed by Continuity and Navier-Stokes (C-NS) equations. And the solutions to the Navier-Stokes equations by analytical manipulations are often a formidable task because of the inherent non-linear nature of the equations. Therefore, these governing equations are usually simplified into a more workable form, notably by order of magnitude analysis. Consequently, in previous studies [1 – 5] on flow between two rotating discs closed-form analytical solutions were formulated from continuity and Navier-Stokes equations using order of magnitude analysis, and the resulting governing equations are numerically solved (by integral method, Taylor’s series) and then compared to Fluent 12 and/or experimental results. Their results approximated closely to previous analytical and/or experimental results. Whereas in other previous studies [6 – 8], and [8] the closed-form analytical governing equations are solved by numerical methods, such as finite element method to solve 2D Navier-Stokes equations between porous discs or channel, Other researchers [9 – 12] used finite element method in 1D between parallel plates. Their results are found to converge well with exact or experimental results.

In this present study, therefore, we formulated close-formed analytical equations from C-NS equations and then used the finite element method to solve the close-formed analytical equations in order to develop velocities and pressure models in two-dimensional viscous flow between two parallel co-rotating discs. These models have been developed with the intention of aiding in finite element-based Tesla pump/turbine design of experimental set-up and/or software since with the models design geometry and flow parameters can easily be varied

2.0 Methodology

2.1 Model Geometry

The model geometry for the study is a two dimensional domain in cylindrical coordinates with point O at the midpoint between the two discs (Figure 1).

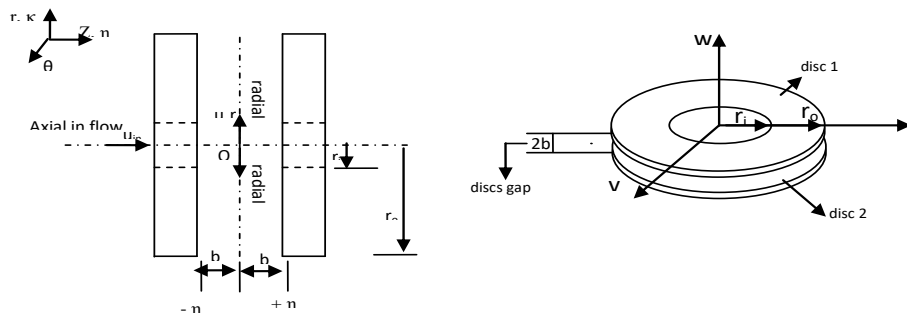


Fig. 1: Model Geometry

Figure 2 shows that as the fluid enters at r_i , the flow sustains a uniform flow that becomes laminar significant distant from the inlet.

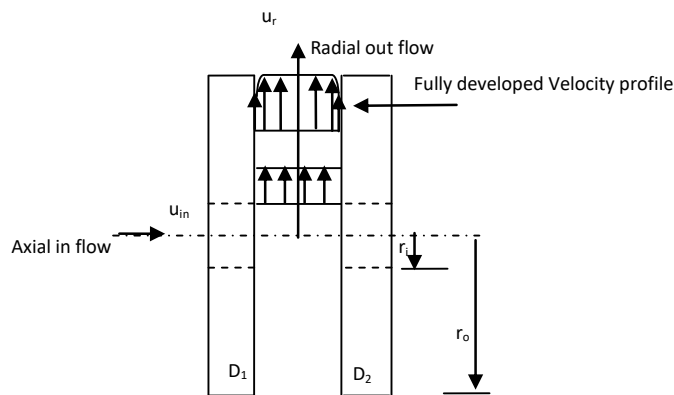


Fig. 2: Radial Outflow Laminar Profile.

2.2 Domain Discretization

The domain Ω ($0 \leq \kappa \leq 1; -1 \leq \eta \leq +1$) is subdivided into 4, 6 and 8 rectangular elements mesh along the r- and z-axes respectively (see Appendix A).

2.3 Mathematical Formulations

Present study flow problem is governed by Continuity and Navier-Stokes equations (1), (2), (3) and (4) in cylindrical coordinates:

Continuity equation:

$$\frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial (r^* u_r)}{\partial r^*} + \frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial v_t}{\partial \theta^*} + \frac{\partial w_a}{\partial z^*} = 0 \quad (1)$$

r-momentum equation:

$$\begin{aligned} u_r \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r^*} + \frac{v_t}{r^*} \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta^*} - \frac{v_t^2}{r^*} + w_a \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial z^*} \\ = -\frac{1}{\rho^*} \frac{\partial p^*}{\partial r^*} + \nu^* \left[\frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial}{\partial r^*} \left(\frac{\partial (r^* u_r)}{\partial r^*} \right) + \frac{1}{r^{*2}} \frac{\partial^2 u_r}{\partial \theta^{*2}} - \frac{2}{r^{*2}} \frac{\partial v_t}{\partial \theta} + \frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial^2 (u_r)}{\partial z^{*2}} \right] + \rho g_r \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

θ -momentum equation:

$$\begin{aligned} u_r \frac{\partial v_t}{\partial r^*} + \frac{v_t}{r^*} \frac{\partial v_t}{\partial \theta^*} + \frac{u_r v_t}{r^*} + w_a \frac{\partial v_t}{\partial z^*} \\ = -\frac{1}{\rho^*} \frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial p^*}{\partial \theta^*} + \nu^* \left[\frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial}{\partial r^*} \left(\frac{\partial (r^* v_t)}{\partial r^*} \right) + \frac{1}{r^{*2}} \frac{\partial^2 v_t}{\partial \theta^{*2}} + \frac{2}{r^{*2}} \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta^*} + \frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial^2 v_t}{\partial z^{*2}} \right] + \rho g_\theta \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

z-momentum equation:

$$\begin{aligned} u_r \frac{\partial w_a}{\partial r^*} + \frac{v_t}{r^*} \frac{\partial w_a}{\partial \theta^*} + w_a \frac{\partial w_a}{\partial z^*} \\ = -\frac{1}{\rho^*} \frac{\partial p^*}{\partial z^*} + \nu \left[\frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial}{\partial r^*} \left(\frac{\partial (r^* w_a)}{\partial r^*} \right) + \frac{1}{r^{*2}} \frac{\partial^2 w_a}{\partial \theta^{*2}} + \frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial^2 w_a}{\partial z^{*2}} \right] + \rho^* g_z \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

2.4 Relevant Assumptions and Boundary Conditions

In order to simplify the non-linear C-NS equations above to workable level, the following assumptions are made: the flow is

defined under cylindrical polar coordinates (r^*, θ, z^*) , the flow domain is symmetrical over θ -coordinate (i.e. $\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} = 0\right)$)

with very large discs radii and small gap, the flow is steady-laminar-fully-developed, the fluid is viscous-Newtonian-incompressible-isotropic, the body forces (gravitational and inertia) are negligible, the flow is two-dimensional in the radial

and tangential directions but with the flow significantly in radial direction and due to angular velocity, $\omega \left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial \kappa} = 0\right)$, no-

slip condition exists at discs faces, that because flow profile between any two discs are the same two discs are model, that analysis are carried out with discs angular velocities equal ($\omega_{d1}^* = \omega_{d2}^*$), the source strength Q at inlet is assumed to be zero, with assumptions (i) and (ix) flow is taken to be pure Couette- Poiseuille flow disc-driven with constant pressure gradient is imposed on the flow.

Applying Coriolis effects, order magnitude analysis and transformation to non-dimensional parameters to equations (1), (2), (3) and (4), the resulting equations are (see Appendix B):

Continuity equation:

$$\frac{du}{d\kappa} = 0 \quad (5)$$

r-momentum equation:

$$-2U_o \omega \alpha^2 \kappa = -\kappa \frac{dp}{d\kappa} + \frac{1}{\text{Re}} \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \eta^2} \right) \quad (6)$$

θ -momentum equation:

$$2V_o \omega \kappa + V_o \kappa \frac{\partial v}{\partial \kappa} = \frac{1}{\text{Re}} \left(\frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial \eta^2} \right) \quad (7)$$

z-momentum equation:

$$\frac{dp}{dz} = 0 \quad (8)$$

2.5 Subject to Non-Dimensional Boundary Conditions:

$$\begin{aligned} \kappa_o : \begin{cases} u_{R_o^*(-b)}^* = 0, u_{R_o^*(CL)}^* = U_o^*, u_{R_o^*(+b)}^* = 0 \\ v_{\theta R_o^*(-b)}^* = R_o^* \omega^*, v_{\theta R_o^*(CL)}^* = V_o^*, v_{\theta R_o^*(+b)}^* = R_o^* \omega \end{cases} \\ \kappa_i : \begin{cases} u_{r_i^*(-b)}^* = 0, u_{r_i^*(CL)}^* = \frac{du_{ri(CL)}}{dz^*}, u_{r_i^*(+b)}^* = 0 \\ v_{\theta r_i^*(-b)}^* = 0, v_{\theta r_i^*(CL)}^* = \frac{dv_{\theta ri(CL)}}{dz^*} = 0, v_{\theta r_i^*(+b)}^* = 0 \end{cases} \end{aligned} \quad (9)$$

$$p_{\kappa i(\eta=0)} = 0$$

3.0 Method of Solution

We used finite element method to solve the above equations (5), (6) and (7) over domains of (4), (6) and (8) rectangular elements mesh along the r- and z-axes respectively(see Appendix C).

3.1 Determination of Radial Velocity Model

For radial velocity model determination the governing equation is:

$$-2\alpha^2 U_o \omega \kappa = -\kappa \frac{dp}{d\kappa} + \frac{1}{\text{Re}_r} \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \eta^2} \right) \quad (10)$$

Subject to these boundary conditions:

$$\begin{aligned} \kappa = \kappa_o : u_{\kappa o(-\eta)} = 0, U_{o(CL)} = U_{\max}, u_{\kappa o(+\eta)} = 0 \\ \kappa = \kappa_i : u_{\kappa i(-\eta)} = 0, \frac{dU_{\max}}{d\eta} = 0, u_{\kappa i(+\eta)} = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (11)$$

The residual, R, of the governing equation (10) is

$$0 = -\frac{1}{\text{Re}_r} \left[\frac{d^2 u}{d\eta^2} \right] + \kappa \frac{dp}{d\kappa} - 2\omega \alpha^2 U_o \kappa \quad (12)$$

The Galerkin scheme is therefore given as

$$\int_{\Omega^e} w R d\Omega = 0 \quad (13)$$

Where the Galerkin-weighted residual integral is

$$\int_{\Omega^e} w \left[-\frac{1}{\text{Re}_r} \left[\frac{d^2 u}{d\eta^2} \right] + \kappa \frac{dp}{d\kappa} - 2\omega \alpha^2 U_o \kappa \right] d\Omega = 0 \quad (14)$$

The weak form of equation (14) is

$$\begin{aligned} 0 = \int_{\Omega^e} w \left[-\frac{1}{\text{Re}_r} \left[\frac{d^2 u}{d\eta^2} \right] + \kappa \frac{dp}{d\kappa} - 2\omega \alpha^2 U_o \kappa \right] d\Omega \\ = \int_{\Omega^e} \left[\frac{1}{\text{Re}_r} \frac{dw}{d\eta} \frac{du}{d\eta} + w \kappa \frac{dp}{d\kappa} - 2w \omega \alpha^2 U_o \kappa \right] d\Omega - \frac{w}{\text{Re}_r} \frac{du}{d\eta} \Big|_{\Gamma} \end{aligned} \quad (15)$$

Where,

Ω = domain of fluid body between discs = $d\kappa d\eta$

w = weight function which depends on κ and η .

Let exact solution $u(\kappa, \eta)$ be approximated by the finite element solution u^e over the element domain Ω^e , then,

$$u(\kappa, \eta) = u^e(\kappa, \eta) = \sum_{j=1}^n u_j^e \psi_j^e(\kappa, \eta) \tag{16}$$

$$\frac{du}{d\eta} = \sum_{j=1}^n u_j^e(\eta) \frac{d\psi_j^e(\eta)}{d\kappa}$$

Also let w the weight function be

$$w(\kappa, \eta) = \psi_i(\kappa, \eta) \tag{17}$$

So that

$$\frac{dw}{d\kappa} = \frac{d\psi_i(\kappa)}{d\kappa} \tag{18}$$

$$\frac{dw}{d\eta} = \frac{d\psi_i(\eta)}{d\eta}$$

Where,

$i, j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, n$,

$\psi_j^e(\kappa, \eta)$ = the jth interpolation functions of element e

By substituting equations (16) through (18) into (15) yields,

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= \int_{A^e} \left[\frac{1}{Re_r} \frac{dw}{d\eta} \frac{du}{d\eta} + w\kappa \frac{dp}{d\kappa} - 2w\alpha^2 \omega U_o \kappa \right] dA - \frac{w}{Re_r} \frac{du}{d\eta} \Big|_{\Gamma} \\ &= \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \int_{\eta_i}^{\eta_{i+1}} \left[\frac{1}{Re_r} \frac{dw}{d\eta} \frac{du}{d\eta} + w\kappa \frac{dp}{d\kappa} - 2w\alpha^2 \omega U_o \kappa \right] d\kappa d\eta \theta - \frac{w}{Re_r} \frac{du}{d\eta} \Big|_{\Gamma} \\ &= \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \int_{\eta_i}^{\eta_{i+1}} \left[\frac{1}{Re_r} \frac{d\psi_i}{d\eta} \sum_{j=1}^n u_j \frac{d\psi_j}{d\eta} - \kappa \psi_i \frac{dp}{d\kappa} - 2\kappa \psi_i \alpha^2 \omega U_o \right] d\kappa d\eta - \frac{\psi_i}{Re_r} \frac{du}{d\eta} \Big|_{\Gamma} \\ &= \sum_{j=1}^n U_j \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \int_{\eta_i}^{\eta_{i+1}} \left[\frac{1}{Re_r} \frac{d\psi_i}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_j}{d\eta} \right] d\kappa d\eta - \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \int_{\eta_i}^{\eta_{i+1}} \left[\kappa \psi_i \frac{dp}{d\kappa} + 2\kappa \psi_i \alpha^2 \omega U_o \right] d\kappa d\eta - \frac{q_n}{Re_r} \int_{\Gamma} \kappa \psi_i ds \\ &= \sum_{j=1}^n [M_{ij}^e] u_j^e - \{f_i^e\} - \{Q_i^e\} \end{aligned} \tag{19}$$

Where,

$$q_n = \left[\frac{du}{d\eta} - \frac{du}{d\eta} \right]_{ri}^{ro} = \frac{du}{d\eta} \Big|_{\Gamma}; \Gamma = \text{element surface} \tag{20}$$

In matrix form

$$[M_{ij}^e] U_j^e = \{f_i^e\} + \{Q_i^e\} \tag{21}$$

Where,

$$\begin{aligned} M_{ij}^e &= \sum_{j=1}^n u_j \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \int_{\eta_i}^{\eta_{i+1}} \left[\frac{1}{Re_r} \frac{d\psi_i}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_j}{d\eta} \right] d\kappa d\eta \\ f_i^e &= \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \int_{\eta_i}^{\eta_{i+1}} \left[\kappa \psi_i \frac{\partial p}{\partial \kappa} + 2\kappa \psi_i \alpha^2 U_o \right] d\kappa d\eta \\ Q_i^e &= \frac{q_n}{Re_r} \int_{\Gamma} \kappa \psi_i ds \end{aligned} \tag{22}$$

3.2 Determination of Tangential Velocity Model

For tangential velocity model determination the governing equation is:

$$2V_o\omega\kappa + V_o\kappa \frac{\partial v}{\partial \kappa} = \frac{1}{\text{Re}} \left(\frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial \eta^2} \right) \quad (23)$$

Subject to

$$\begin{aligned} \kappa = \kappa_o : v_{(-\eta)} &= \kappa_o\omega, V_{o(CL)} = V_{\max}, v_{\theta(+\eta)} = \kappa_o\omega \\ \kappa = \kappa_i : v_{\theta(-\eta)} &= 0, \frac{dV_{\max}}{d\eta} = 0, v_{(+\eta)} = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (24)$$

The steps in determination of radial velocity solutions for 4, 6 and 8 elements are followed in determination of tangential velocity solutions from the θ -momentum governing equation(23).

3.3 Determination of Pressure Distribution Model

For pressure distribution model, we have determined governing equation for pressure distribution from r-momentum equation as follows:

$$-2\alpha^2 U_o \omega \kappa = -\kappa \frac{dp}{d\kappa} + \frac{1}{\text{Re}_r} \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \eta^2} \right) \quad (25)$$

Pressure in the present study is stated, as one of our assumptions that it does not vary with η only with κ . Hence at the centreline between discs space, $\frac{d}{d\eta} \left(\frac{du}{d\eta} \right) = 0$, of which equation (25) reduces to a one non-dimensional equation:

$$-2\alpha^2 U_o \omega = -\frac{dp}{d\kappa} \quad (26)$$

Subject to

$$p_{\kappa i(\eta=0)} = p_1 = 0 \quad (27)$$

Therefore for pressure distribution, we used linear elements four our analyses as two, three and four linear elements as follows (see Appendix D).

The residual, R, of the governing equation (26) is

$$0 = \frac{dp}{d\kappa} - 2\alpha^2 U_o \omega \quad (28)$$

The Galerkin scheme is therefore given as

$$\int_{\Omega^e} w R d\Omega = 0 \quad (29)$$

Where the Galerkin integral is

$$\int_{\Omega^e} w \left[\frac{dp}{d\kappa} - 2\alpha^2 U_o \omega \right] d\Omega = 0 \quad (30)$$

The weak form of equation 3.86 is

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= \int_{\Omega^e} w \left[\frac{dp}{d\kappa} - 2\alpha^2 U_o \omega \right] d\Omega \\ &= \int_{\Omega^e} \left[w \frac{dp}{d\kappa} - 2w\alpha^2 U_o \omega \right] d\Omega \end{aligned} \quad (31)$$

Where,

Ω^e = linear element length

w = weight function which depends on κ .

Let the exact solution $p(\kappa)$ be approximated by the finite element solution p^e over the element domain Ω^e , then,

$$\begin{aligned} p(\kappa) &= p^e(\kappa) = \sum_{j=1}^m p_j^e \psi_j^e(\kappa) \\ \frac{dp}{d\kappa} &= \sum_{j=1}^n p_j^e(\kappa) \frac{d\psi_j^e(\kappa)}{d\kappa} \end{aligned} \quad (32)$$

Also let w the weight function be

$$w(\kappa) = \psi_i(\kappa) \tag{33}$$

So that

$$\frac{dw_i}{d\kappa} = \frac{d\psi_i(\kappa)}{d\kappa} \tag{34}$$

Where,

$i, j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, m,$

$\psi_i^e(\kappa)$ = the i^{th} interpolation functions of element e

$\psi_j^e(\kappa)$ = the j^{th} interpolation functions of element e

By substituting equations (32) through (34) into (30) yields,

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= \int_{\Omega^e} \left[w \frac{dp}{d\kappa} - 2w\alpha^2 U_o \omega \right] d\Omega \\ &= \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \left(w \frac{dp}{d\kappa} - 2w\alpha^2 U_o \omega \right) d\kappa \\ &= \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \left(\psi_i \sum_{j=1}^n p_j \frac{d\psi_j}{d\kappa} - 2\psi_i \alpha^2 U_o \omega \right) d\kappa \\ &= \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \left(\psi_i \sum_{j=1}^n p_j \frac{d\psi_j}{d\kappa} \right) d\kappa - \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} (2\psi_i \alpha^2 U_o \omega) d\kappa \\ &= \sum_{j=1}^n p_j \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \left(\psi_i \frac{d\psi_j}{d\kappa} \right) d\kappa - 2\alpha^2 U_o \omega \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} (\psi_i) d\kappa \\ &= [M_{ij}^e] P_j^e - \{f_i^e\} \end{aligned} \tag{35}$$

Where,

$$k_{ij}^e = \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \left(\psi_i \frac{d\psi_j}{d\kappa} \right) d\kappa \tag{36}$$

$$f_i^e = -2\alpha^2 \omega U_o \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} (\psi_i) d\kappa$$

4.0 Results and Discussion

Table 1: Radial Velocity Centreline Nodal Values

Radial velocity centreline nodal values					
Node number	Node 2	Node 5	Node 8	Node 11	Node 14
Four elements	0.0	0.1137S	0.2049S	-	-
Six elements	0.0	0.0577S	0.1627S	0.2783S	-
Eight elements	0.0	0.1330S	0.1440S	0.1540S	0.3330S

Table 2: Tangential Velocity Centreline Nodal Values

Tangential velocity centreline nodal values					
Node numbers	Nodes 1, 2, 3	Node 4, 5, 6	Node 7, 8, 9	Node 10, 11, 12	Node 13, 14, 15
Four elements	0.0	0.1137T	0.2049T	-	-
Six elements	0.0	0.0577T	0.1627T	0.2783T	-
Eight elements	0.0	0.1330T	0.1440T	0.1540T	0.3330T

Table 3: Pressure Distribution Centreline Nodal Values

Pressure Distribution centreline nodal values				
Node number	Nodes 1	Node 2	Node 3	Node 4
Two elements	-0.500J	-1.000J	-	-
Three elements	-0.333J	-0.667J	-1.000J	-
Four elements	-0.500J	-1.000J	-1.500J	-2.000J

Where, $S = 6a^2b^2\alpha^2U_o\omega Re_r$; $T = 6a^2b^2V_o\omega Re_r$; $J = a\alpha^2U_o\omega$

We have assumed that for any number of elements N , domain equation can be modelled as:

For radial velocity:

$$U^\Omega(\kappa, \eta) = U_{\max, N} \left(6a^2b^2U_o\omega\alpha^2 Re_r \right) \quad (37)$$

For tangential velocity:

$$V^\Omega(\kappa, \eta) = V_{\max, N} \left(6a^2b^2V_o\omega Re_r \right) \quad (38)$$

Where $U_{\max, N}$, $V_{\max, N}$, $P_{\max, N}$ = radial velocity, tangential velocity and pressure distribution maximum nodal value along the centreline.

For pressure distribution:

$$P^\Omega(\kappa) = -P_{\max, N} \left(aU_o\omega\alpha^2 \right) \quad (39)$$

As a result of the inherent problem encounter in fluid transiting from free stream to fully-developed flow at discs gap inlet, asymptotic analytical solutions to continuity and Navier-Stokes equations have been used [11] and [1] to describe parabolic velocity profile between two discs gap with good accuracy. Consequently, in the present study we have similarly adopted the same approach of developing closed-form analytical solutions to continuity and Navier-Stokes equations subject to this present study's boundary conditions and assumptions (see Appendix D). The resulting asymptotic analytical solutions are:

For radial velocity close-formed approximations are:

$$Ue(\kappa, \eta) = 2b^2U_o\omega\alpha^2 Re_r \kappa(1 - \eta^2) \rightarrow at : (-1 \leq \eta \leq +1) \quad (40)$$

$$Ue(\kappa, \eta) = 2b^2U_o\omega\alpha^2 Re_r \kappa \rightarrow at : \eta = 0$$

For tangential velocity close-formed approximations are:

$$Ve(\kappa, \eta) = 2b^2V_o\omega Re_r \kappa(1 - \eta^2) \rightarrow at : -1 \leq \eta \leq +1 \quad (41)$$

$$Ve(\kappa, \eta) = 2b^2V_o\omega Re_r \kappa \rightarrow at : \eta = 0;$$

For pressure distribution:

$$Pe(\kappa, 0) = -2U_o\omega\alpha^2 \kappa \rightarrow at : \eta = 0 \quad (42)$$

Where the subscript e stands for analytical solution

Following [1], the present study models with respect to the above asymptotic approximations can be written as:

Radial velocity models:

$$U^\Omega(\kappa, \eta) = 6Na^2b^2U_o\omega\alpha^2 Re_r \kappa(1 - \eta^2) \quad (43)$$

Tangential velocity models:

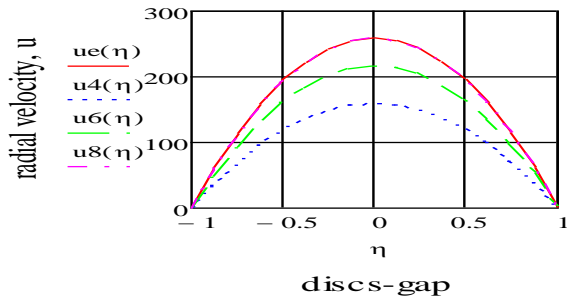
$$V^\Omega(\kappa, \eta) = 6Na^2b^2V_o\omega Re_r \kappa(1 - \eta^2) \quad (44)$$

Pressure distribution models:

$$P^\Omega(\kappa) = -NaU_o\omega\alpha^2 \kappa \quad (45)$$

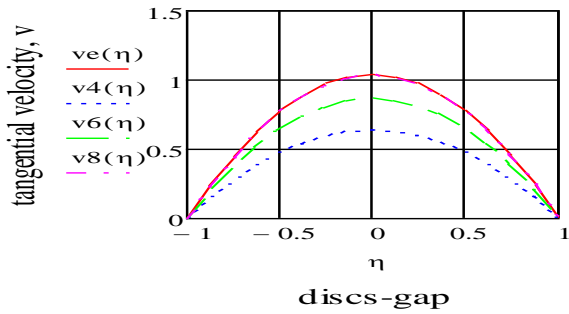
The above results are discussed based on the following used arbitrary values: $a = b = 1$, $U_o = 5.0$, $V_o = 0.02$, $\omega = 52$, $\alpha = 1$ and $\kappa = 1$ except when they are varied for further investigation.

Figure 4 and Figure 5 compare analytical result with present models results for 4, 6 and 8 elements for radial velocity against disc-gap and tangential velocity against disc-gap respectively. These graphs show that for both analytical and present models results, u and v at the discs surface are zero, thus satisfy the no-slip boundary conditions at discs walls; also since $\omega_1 = \omega_2$ curves converge with the ideal parabolic profile curve. Lastly, from Figures 4 and 5 it is revealed that present models results approximate well the analytical result as the number of elements is increased from 4 to 8.



Legend	
Red	Analytical solution
Blue	Finite element solution (4 elements)
Green	Finite element solution (6 elements)
Pink	Finite element solution (8 elements)

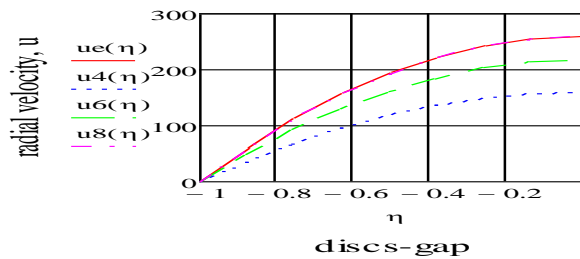
Fig. 4: Comparison of Analytical and Present Model solutions Along Discs Gap



Legend	
Red	Analytical solution
Blue	Finite element solution (4 elements)
Green	Finite element solution (6 elements)
Pink	Finite element solution (8 elements)

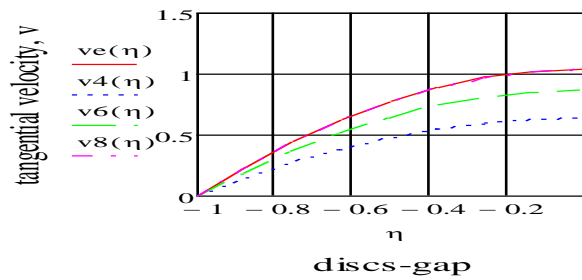
Fig. 5: Comparison of Analytical And present Model solutions Between Discs Gap

Figure 6 and figure 7 are graphs of radial velocity against half discs gap and tangential velocity against half discs gap respectively. The graph compare analytical result with present models results for 4, 6 and 8 elements. From Figures 6 and 7, it is revealed that u and v increases from zero at the disc surface towards the mid-section of disc gap due to the effects of boundary layer, centrifugal and adhesion forces, and Coriolis effect.



Legend	
Red	Analytical solution (ue)
Blue	Four element (u4)
Green	Six element (u6)
Pink	Eight element (u8)

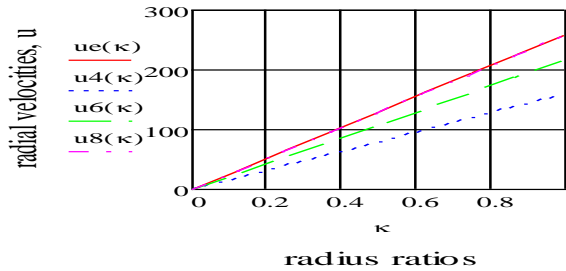
Fig. 6: Comparison of Analytical and Present Model Solutions Between Half Discs Gap



Legend	
Red	Analytical solution (ue)
Blue	Four element (u4)
Green	Six element (u6)
Pink	Eight element (u8)

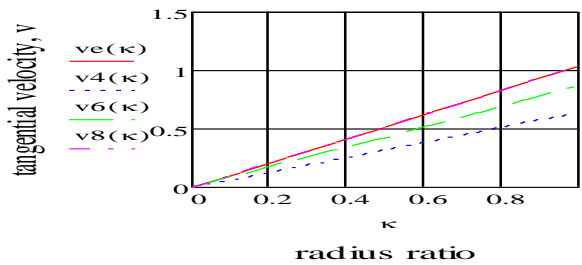
Fig. 7: Comparison of Analytical And Present Model Solutions Between Half Discs Gap

Figure 8 and Figure 9 are graphs of radial and tangential velocities against radii ratio respectively. In the graphs analytical solutions are compared with present models solutions for 4, 6 and 8 elements. And the results depict that radial and tangential velocity both increase as radius ratio is increased from zero at the fluid inlet to maximum at disc outlet (i.e. disc periphery).



Legend	
Red	Analytical solution (ue)
Blue	Four element (u4)
Green	Six element (u6)
Pink	Eight element (u8)

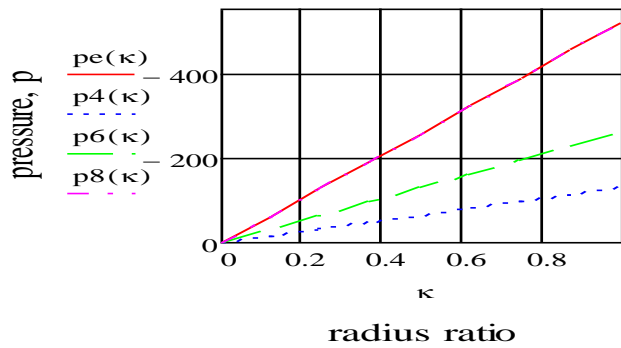
Fig. 8: Comparison of Analytical and Present Model Solutions Along Centreline



Legend	
Red	Analytical solution (ue)
Blue	Four element (u4)
Green	Six element (u6)
Pink	Eight element (u8)

Fig. 9: Comparison of Analytical and Present Model Solutions Along Centreline

Figure 10 is a graph of pressure against radius ratio. The graph compares analytical result with present models results for 2, 3 and 4 elements. From Figure 10 it is revealed that pressure increases as the radius ratio increases from domain inlet to outlet which can be attributed to deceleration of fluid in radial direction and the effect of centrifugal force.



Legend	
Red	Analytical solution (ue)
Blue	Four element (u4)
Green	Six element (u6)
Pink	Eight element (u8)

Fig. 10: Comparison of Analytical and Present Model Solutions Along Centreline

From Figures 11, 12, and 13, it is revealed that pressure increases with flow swirl ratio (α), discs angular velocity (ω), and flow mean velocity (U_0) and independent of Reynolds number. From Figures 11 and 12, since flow is disc-driven both α and ω zero at inlet, but as the discs rotation increases, swirling develops from both discs thus causing pressure to build up proportionately.

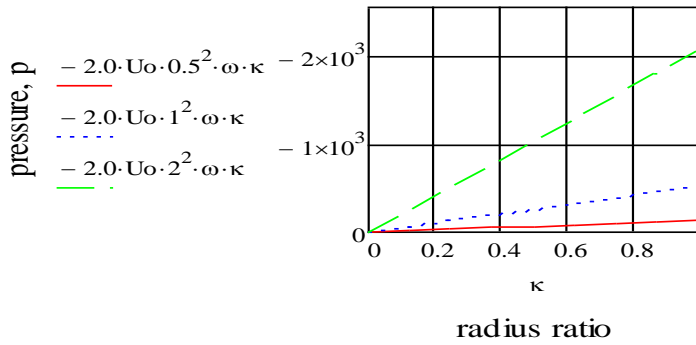


Fig. 11: Effect of Variation of Swirl Ratio On Pressure

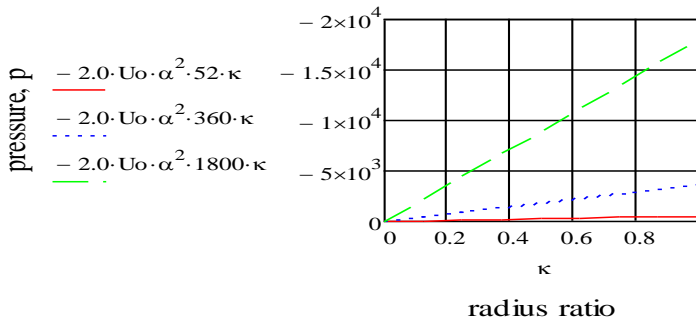


Fig. 12: Effect of Variation of Angular Velocity on Pressure

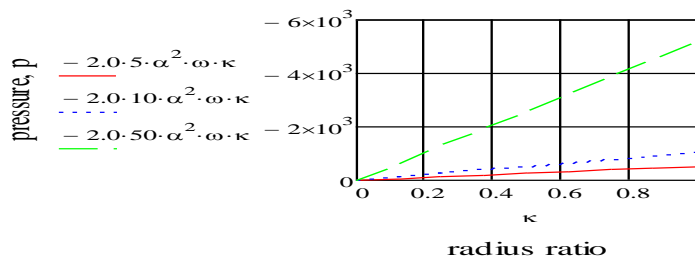
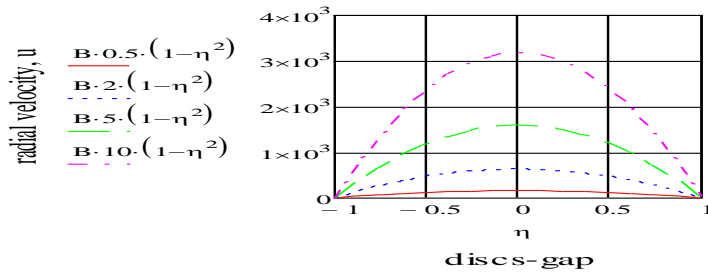


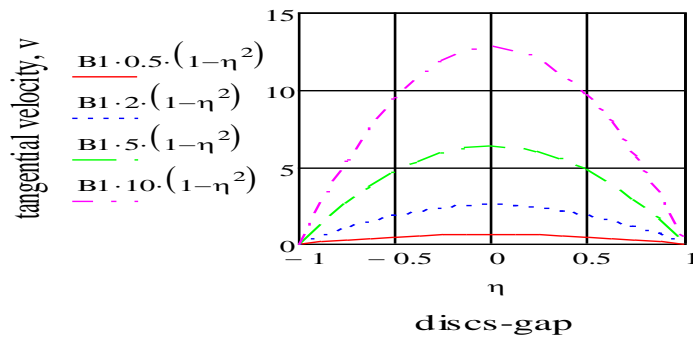
Fig. 13: Effect of Variation of Mean Velocity on Pressure

From Figures 14 and 15 radial and tangential velocities can be seen to increase as Reynolds number (Re_c) increases from 0.5 to 10. And at $Re_c = 10$, a parabolic profile curve is represented, which can be attributed to high boundary layer and adhesion effects resulting from the geometry of the domain (discs-gap).



Legend	
Red	$Re_r = 0.5$
Blue	$Re_r = 2.0$
Green	$Re_r = 5.0$
Pink	$Re_r = 10.0$

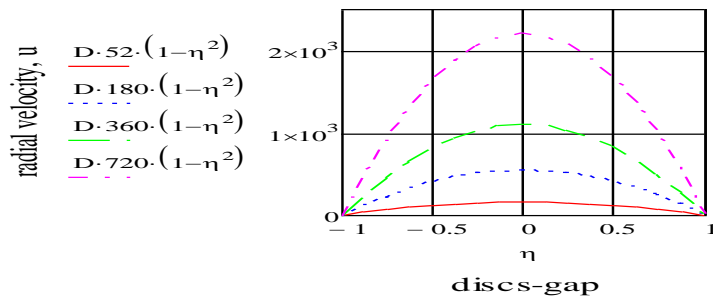
Fig. 14: Variation of Reynolds Number on Radial Velocity-Discs Gap Profile



Legend	
Red	$Re_r = 0.5$
Blue	$Re_r = 2.0$
Green	$Re_r = 5.0$
Pink	$Re_r = 10.0$

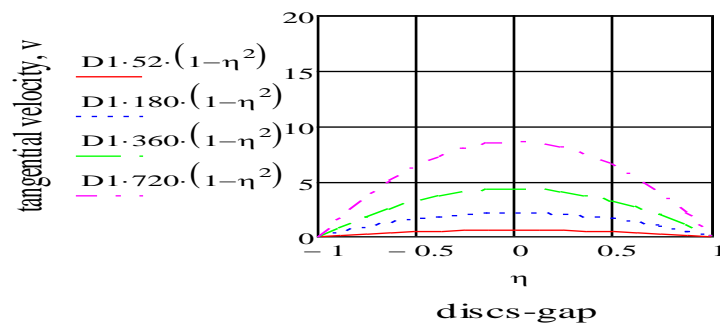
Fig. 15: Variation Reynolds no. on Tangential Velocity-Discs Gap Profile

Figures 16 and 17 reveal that as ω increases from 52rad/s to 720rad/s both radial and tangential velocities increase. Since angular velocity is observed to depend on radius location is expected that v increases with ω ; also since flow is disc-driven in the direction of increasing radius ratio, u will tend to increase with ω .



Legend	
Red	$\omega = 52$
Blue	$\omega = 180$
Green	$\omega = 360$
Pink	$\omega = 720$

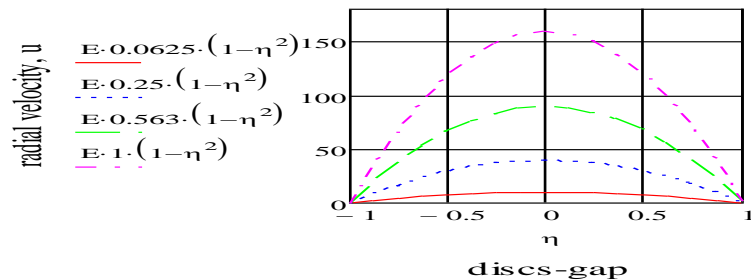
Fig. 16: Variation of Angular Velocity on Radial Velocity-Discs Gap Profile



Legend	
Red	$\omega = 52$
Blue	$\omega = 180$
Green	$\omega = 360$
Pink	$\omega = 720$

Fig. 17: Variation of Angular Velocity on Tangential Velocity-Discs Gap Profile

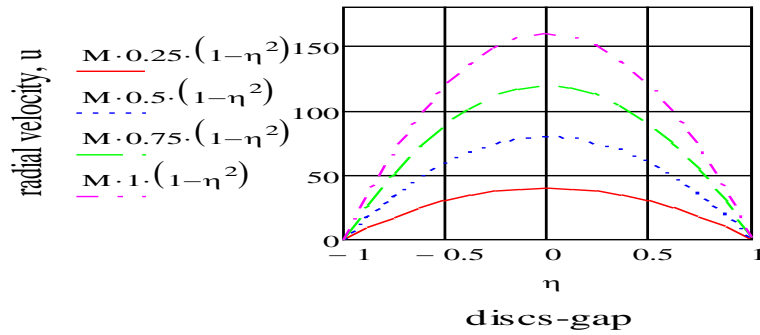
Figure 18 indicate that radial velocity increases with swirl ratio. Radial velocity is expected to be low at swirl ratio less than unity this because under this condition slip flow is experienced which results in low radial velocity. At swirl ratio equal to or greater than unit radial velocity are expected to be higher.



Legend	
Red	$\alpha = 0.25$
Blue	$\alpha = 0.50$
Green	$\alpha = 0.75$
Pink	$\alpha = 1$

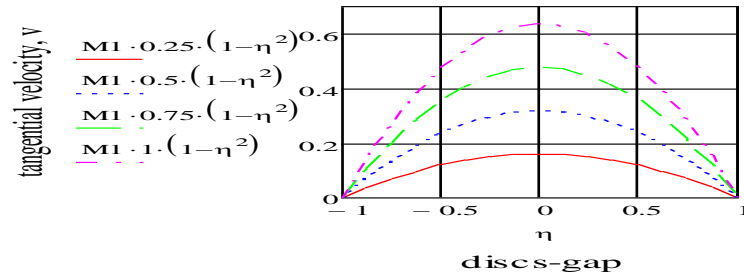
Fig. 18: Variation of Swirl Ratio on Radial Velocity-Discs Gap Profile

From Figures 19 and 20, different values of radius ratio (0.25, 0.50, 0.75 and 1.0.) are applied to present models and the result shows radial and tangential velocity both increase as radii ratio increases.



Legend	
Red	$\kappa = 0.25$
Blue	$\kappa = 0.50$
Green	$\kappa = 0.75$
Pink	$\kappa = 1.00$

Fig. 19: Variation of Radii Ratio On Radial Velocity-Discs Gap Profile



Legend	
Red	$\kappa = 0.25$
Blue	$\kappa = 0.50$
Green	$\kappa = 0.75$
Pink	$\kappa = 1.00$

Fig. 20: Variation of Radii Ratio On Tangential Velocity-Discs Gap Profile

Tables 4 and 5 depict comparison of analytical and present study models nodal and percentage error values of 4, 6 and 8 elements for radial and tangential velocities respectively. Tables 4 and 5 show how fast the present study model solutions converge with analytical solution for radial and tangential velocities; while Tables 6 and 7 show that the error between present model and analytical decreases fast as number of elements is increased.

Table 4: Comparison of Nodal Values of Analytical and Present Models Solutions

Radius locations ($\kappa, 0$)	Four elements U_4	Six elements U_6	Eight elements U_8	Analytical solution U_e
0	0	0	0	0
0.125	19.976	27.129	32.468	32.500
0.250	39.952	54.259	64.935	65.000
0.333	53.216	72.273	86.493	86.580
0.375	59.928	81.388	97.403	97.500
0.500	79.904	108.518	129.870	130.000
0.625	99.880	135.647	162.338	162.500
0.667	106.592	144.762	173.247	173.420
0.750	119.856	162.776	194.805	195.000
0.875	139.832	189.906	227.273	227.500
1.000	159.808	217.035	259.740	260.000

Table 5: Comparison of nodal values of analytical and present models solutions

Radius locations ($\kappa, 0$)	Four elements V4	Six elements V6	Eight elements V8	Analytical solution V _e
0	0	0	0	0
0.125	0.080	0.109	0.129	0.130
0.250	0.160	0.217	0.259	0.260
0.333	0.213	0.289	0.345	0.346
0.375	0.240	0.326	0.389	0.390
0.500	0.320	0.434	0.519	0.520
0.625	0.399	0.543	0.649	0.650
0.667	0.426	0.579	0.693	0.694
0.750	0.479	0.651	0.779	0.780
0.875	0.559	0.760	0.909	0.910
1.000	0.639	0.868	1.039	1.040

Table 6: Percentage error of Table 4 values

Radius locations ($\kappa, 0$)	Four elements U ₄	Six elements U ₆	Eight elements U ₈
0	0%	0%	0%
0.125	38.5354	16.5261	0.0985
0.250	38.5354	16.5246	0.1000
0.333	38.5355	16.5246	0.1005
0.375	38.5354	16.5251	0.0995
0.500	38.5354	16.5246	0.1000
0.625	38.5354	16.5249	0.0996
0.667	38.5353	16.5251	0.0997
0.750	38.5354	16.5251	0.1000
0.875	38.5354	16.5248	0.0997
1.000	38.5354	16.5250	0.1000

Table 7: Percentage error of Table 5 nodal values

Radius locations ($\kappa, 0$)	Four elements V4	Six elements V ₆	Eight elements V ₈
0	0%	0%	0%
0.125	38.4615	16.1538	0.7692
0.250	38.4615	16.5385	0.3846
0.333	38.4393	16.4740	0.2890
0.375	38.4615	16.4103	0.2564
0.500	38.4615	16.5385	0.1923
0.625	38.6154	16.4615	0.1538
0.667	38.6167	16.5706	0.1440
0.750	38.5897	16.5385	0.1282
0.875	38.5714	16.4835	0.1099
1.000	38.5577	16.5385	0.0961

Table 8 shows comparison at the nodes of analytical and present study model solutions for pressure distributions. Present study model can be seen to have converged very fast with the analytical solution; while Table 9 shows that the percentage error between present study models and analytical decreases very fast to zero for 8 elements.

Table 8: Comparison of nodal values of analytical and present models solutions for pressure distribution

Radius locations ($\kappa, 0$)	Two elements P2	Three elements P3	Four elements P4	Analytical solution Pe
0	0	0	0	0
0.125	-16.25	-32.50	-65.00	-65.00
0.250	-32.50	-65.00	-130.00	-130.00
0.333	-43.29	-86.58	-173.16	-173.16
0.375	-48.75	-97.50	-195.00	-195.00
0.500	-65.00	-130.00	-260.00	-260.00
0.625	-81.25	-162.50	-325.00	-325.00
0.667	-86.71	-173.42	-346.84	-346.84
0.750	-97.50	-195.00	-390.00	-390.00
0.875	-113.75	-227.50	-455.00	-455.00
1.000	-130.00	-260.00	-520.00	520.00

Table 9: Percentage error of Table 8 values

Radius locations ($\kappa, 0$)	Two elements P2	Three elements P3	Four elements P4
0	0%	0%	0%
0.125	75.0000	50.0000	0.0000
0.250	75.0000	50.0000	0.0000
0.333	75.0000	50.0000	0.0000
0.375	75.0000	50.0000	0.0000
0.500	75.0000	50.0000	0.0000
0.625	75.0000	50.0000	0.0000
0.667	75.0000	50.0000	0.0000
0.750	75.0000	50.0000	0.0000
0.875	75.0000	50.0000	0.0000
1.000	75.0000	50.0000	0.0000

It can be seen in Tables 10 and 11 that present model solutions converges fast with the analytical solution as the number of elements increases for radial and tangential velocities. Tables 12 and 13 show that the errors between analytical and present study models decrease with increase in number of elements.

Table 10: Comparison of analytical and present models solutions for half discs gap

Discs gap $-1 \leq \eta \leq 0$	Four elements U4	Six elements U6	Eight elements U8	Exact solution Ue
1.000	0	0	0	0
0.875	37.455	50.868	60.486	60.938
0.750	69.916	94.953	113.579	113.750
0.625	97.384	132.256	158.200	158.438
0.500	119.857	162.776	194.708	195.000
0.375	137.336	186.514	223.102	223.438
0.250	149.821	203.470	243.384	243.750
0.125	157.312	213.644	255.554	255.938
0	159.809	217.035	259.61	260.000

Table 11: Comparison of analytical and present models solutions for half discs gap

Discs gap $-1 \leq \eta \leq 0$	Four elements V4	Six elements V6	Eight elements V8	Exact solution Ve
1.000	0	0	0	0
0.875	0.150	0.203	0.243	0.244
0.750	0.280	0.380	0.454	0.455
0.625	0.390	0.529	0.633	0.634
0.500	0.479	0.651	0.779	0.780
0.375	0.549	0.746	0.893	0.894
0.250	0.599	0.814	0.974	0.975
0.125	0.629	0.855	1.022	1.024
0	0.639	0.868	1.038	1.040

Table 12: Percentage error of Table 10 values

Discs gap $-1 \leq \eta \leq 0$	Four elements U4	Six elements U6	Eight elements U8
1.000	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
0.875	38.5359	16.5250	0.7417
0.750	38.5354	16.5248	0.1503
0.625	38.5349	16.5251	0.1502
0.500	38.5349	16.5251	0.1497
0.375	38.5350	16.5254	0.1504
0.250	38.5350	16.5251	0.1502
0.125	38.5351	16.5250	0.1500
0	38.5350	16.5250	0.1500

Table 13: Percentage error of Table 11 values

Discs gap $-1 \leq \eta \leq 0$	Four elements V4	Six elements V6	Eight elements V8
1.000	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
0.875	38.5245	16.8032	0.4098
0.750	38.4615	16.4835	0.2197
0.625	38.4858	16.5615	0.1577
0.500	38.5897	16.5384	0.1282
0.375	38.5906	16.5548	0.1118
0.250	38.5641	16.5128	0.1025
0.125	38.5742	16.5039	0.1953
0	38.5576	16.5384	0.1923

Tables 14 and 15 compare finite element solutions for 4, 6 and 8 elements with the analytical solution. From the tables it is clearly revealed that present models solution converges fast with the analytical solution as the number of elements increases.

Table 14: Comparison of variation of radial velocity along centreline for analytical and present models solutions

Radius locations (κ, η)	Four elements U4	Six elements U6	Eight elements U8	Analytical solution Ue
(1, 0)	0	0	0	0
(0.875, 0.0)	19.976	27.129	32.451	32.500
(0.750, 0.0)	39.952	54.259	64.903	65.000
(0.625, 0.0)	59.928	81.388	97.354	97.500
(0.500, 0.0)	79.905	108.517	129.805	130.000
(0.375, 0.0)	99.881	135.647	162.256	162.500
(0.250, 0.0)	119.857	162.776	194.708	195.000
(0.125, 0.0)	139.833	189.906	227.159	227.500
(0.0, 0.0)	159.809	217.035	259.61	260.000

Table 15: Comparison of variation of tangential velocity along centreline for analytical and present models solutions

Discs gap (κ, η)	Four elements V4	Six elements V6	Eight elements V8	Analytical solution Ve
(1, 0)	0	0	0	0
(0.875, 0.0)	0.080	0.109	0.130	0.130
(0.750, 0.0)	0.160	0.217	0.260	0.260
(0.625, 0.0)	0.240	0.326	0.389	0.390
(0.500, 0.0)	0.320	0.434	0.519	0.520
(0.375, 0.0)	0.400	0.543	0.649	0.650
(0.250, 0.0)	0.479	0.651	0.779	0.780
(0.125, 0.0)	0.559	0.760	0.909	0.910
(0.0, 0.0)	0.639	0.868	1.038	1.040

Table 16: Percentage error of Table 14 values

Radius locations (κ, η)	Four elements U4	Six elements U6	Eight elements U8
(1, 0)	0	0	0
(0.875, 0.0)	38.5353	16.5261	0.1507
(0.750, 0.0)	38.5353	16.5246	0.1492
(0.625, 0.0)	38.5353	16.5251	0.1497
(0.500, 0.0)	38.5346	16.5253	0.1500
(0.375, 0.0)	38.5347	16.5249	0.1501
(0.250, 0.0)	38.5348	16.5251	0.1497
(0.125, 0.0)	38.5349	16.5248	0.1498
(0.0, 0.0)	38.5350	16.5250	0.1500

Table 17: Percentage error of Table 15 values

Discs gap (κ, η)	Four elements V4	Six elements V6	Eight elements V8
(1, 0)	0	0	0
(0.875, 0.0)	38.4615	16.1538	0.0000
(0.750, 0.0)	38.4615	16.5384	0.0000
(0.625, 0.0)	38.4615	16.4102	0.2564
(0.500, 0.0)	38.4615	16.5384	0.1923
(0.375, 0.0)	38.4615	16.4615	0.1538
(0.250, 0.0)	38.5897	16.5384	0.1282
(0.125, 0.0)	38.5714	16.4835	0.1098
(0.0, 0.0)	38.5576	16.5384	0.1923

In Table 18 is revealed that radial velocity increases at a fast rate even with small increment of Reynolds number, while for tangential velocity the rate of increase of tangential velocity with Reynolds number lower as shown in Table 19.

Table 18: Effect of variation of Reynolds number on radial velocity

η	$Re_r = 0.5$	$Re_r = 2$	$Re_r = 5$	$Re_r = 10$
0	0.00	0.00	0-00	0.00
0.125	37.455	149.821	374.552	749.105
0.250	69.916	279.666	699.164	1.398×10^3
0.375	97.384	389.534	973.836	1.948×10^3
0.500	119.857	479.427	1.199×10^3	2.397×10^3
0.625	137.336	549.343	1.373×10^3	2.747×10^3
0.750	149.821	599.284	1.498×10^3	2.996×10^3
0.875	157.312	629.248	1.573×10^3	3.146×10^3
1.000	159.809	639.236	1.598×10^3	3.196×10^3

Table 19: Effect of variation of Reynolds number on tangential velocity

η	$Re_r = 0.5$	$Re_r = 2$	$Re_r = 5$	$Re_r = 10$
0	0.00	0.00	0-00	0.00
0.125	0.15	0.60	1.50	3.00
0.250	0.28	1.12	2.80	5.60
0.375	0.39	1.56	3.90	7.80
0.500	0.48	1.92	4.80	9.60
0.625	0.55	2.20	5.50	11.00
0.750	0.60	2.40	6.00	12.00
0.875	0.63	2.52	6.30	12.60
1.000	0.64	2.56	6.40	12.80

Tables 20 and 21 show that for both radial and tangential velocity that the rate of increase of both velocities with angular velocity is almost double. This implies that both velocities depend much on angular velocity.

Table 20: Effect of variation of angular velocity on radial velocity

η	$\omega = 52$	$\omega = 180$	$\omega = 360$	$\omega = 720$
0	0.00	0.00	0-00	0.00
0.125	37.452	129.642	259.284	518.569
0.250	69.911	241.999	483.998	967.995
0.375	97.376	337.070	674.139	1.348x10 ³
0.500	119.847	414.855	829.710	1.659x10 ³
0.625	137.325	475.355	950.709	1.901x10 ³
0.750	149.809	518.569	1.037x10 ³	2.074x10 ³
0.875	157.299	544.497	1.089x10 ³	2.178x10 ³
1.000	159.796	553.140	1.106x10 ³	2.213x10 ³

Table 21: Variation of angular velocity on tangential velocity

η	$\omega = 52$	$\omega = 180$	$\omega = 360$	$\omega = 720$
0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.125	0.146	0.506	1.013	2.025
0.250	0.273	0.945	1.890	3.780
0.375	0.380	1.316	2.633	5.265
0.500	0.468	1.620	3.240	6.480
0.625	0.536	1.856	3.713	7.425
0.750	0.585	2.025	4.050	8.100
0.875	0.614	2.126	4.253	8.505
1.000	0.624	2.160	4.320	8.640

Table 22 shows that radial velocity increase with swirl ratio (V/U). For swirl ratio equal to zero, it implies flow is pure through flow (no swirl condition). Hence, for swirling flow, flow in the radial direction is enhanced thereby increasing radial velocity.

Table 22: Effect of variation of swirl ratio on radial velocity

η	$\alpha = 0.25$	$\alpha = 0.5$	$\alpha = 0.75$	$\alpha = 1$
0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.125	2.341	9.364	21.087	37.455
0.250	4.370	17.479	39.363	69.916
0.375	6.086	24.346	54.827	97.384
0.500	7.491	29.964	67.479	119.857
0.625	8.583	34.334	77.320	137.336
0.750	9.364	37.455	84.349	149.821
0.875	9.832	39.328	88.567	157.312
1.000	9.988	39.952	89.972	159.809

Tables 23 and 24 both show that the rate of increase of radial and tangential velocities with radial location is almost double. This implies that for high radial and tangential velocities very large radius should be considered.

Table 23: Effect of variation of radii ratio on radial velocity

η	$\kappa = 0.25$	$\kappa = 0.5$	$\kappa = 0.75$	$\kappa = 1$
0	0.00	0.00	0-00	0.00
0.125	9.364	18.728	28.091	37.455
0.250	17.479	34.958	52.437	69.916
0.375	24.346	48.692	73.038	97.384
0.500	29.964	59.928	89.893	119.857
0.625	34.334	68.668	103.002	137.336
0.750	37.455	74.910	112.336	149.821
0.875	39.328	78.656	117.984	157.312
1.000	39.952	79.904	119.857	159.809

Table 24: Effect of variation of radii ratio on tangential velocity

η	$\kappa = 0.25$	$\kappa = 0.5$	$\kappa = 0.75$	$\kappa = 1$
0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.125	0.037	0.075	0.112	0.150
0.250	0.070	0.140	0.210	0.280
0.375	0.097	0.195	0.292	0.389
0.500	0.120	0.240	0.359	0.479
0.625	0.137	0.275	0.412	0.549
0.750	0.150	0.300	0.449	0.599
0.875	0.157	0.315	0.472	0.629
1.000	0.160	0.320	0.479	0.639

5.0 Conclusion

Considered in this present study are the comparisons of analytical solutions and finite element models for viscous flow through the gap between two co-rotating discs. From the study the following conclusions were drawn:

1. Since the NS equations for fluid flow has the inherent difficult of being solved directly relevant assumptions are made on the continuity and Navier-Stokes equations to simplify them using order of magnitude analysis. Thereby three asymptotic analytical governing equations for radial and tangential velocity as well as for pressure distribution were developed.
2. The developed asymptotic analytical formulations were solved analytically and the result used as bases of comparison with developed models.
3. The models developed reveal confirmed that finite element method can used as good approximation to analytical solution as the results obtained from the present study are highly accurate and converge well with the analytical solutions as the number of elements in the domain is increased. More so, the results obtained show that the radial and tangential velocities depend on Reynolds number, radial location, swirl ratio, and angular velocity; while pressure depends on all parameters except Reynolds number.

5.1 Recommendation

1. It was observed that finite element method has not been fully applied to fluid flow between parallel co-rotating discs especially for 2D and 3D problems. Therefore, it is recommended that other element shapes and sizes be analyzed.
2. Finite element procedure employed in this present work should be applied to turbine configuration using quadratic elements.
3. Numerical simulation should be carried out to validate models developed.

5.2 Contribution to Knowledge

In this study, two dimensional models have been developed for velocity components and pressure distribution for flow between two parallel co-rotating discs in a Tesla pump by using the finite element method. These models have been developed with the intension of aiding in finite element-based Tesla pump/turbine design of experimental set-up and/or software since with the models design geometry and flow parameters can easily be varied

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Appendix A

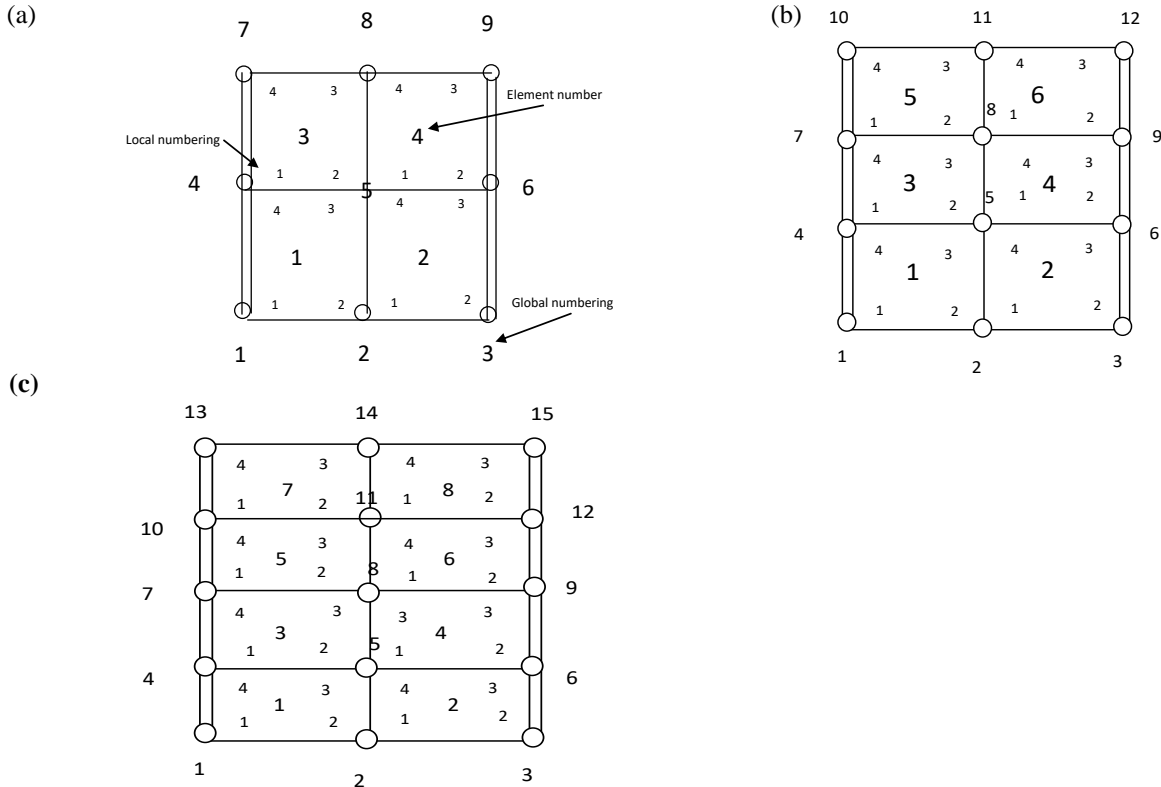


Fig. 1: A four, six and eight elements mesh

Appendix B

DERIVATION OF NON-DIMENSIONAL GOVERNING EQUATIONS FROM CONTINUITY AND NAVIER-STOKES EQUATIONS IN POLAR COORDINATES:

Continuity equation (CE)

$$\frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial (r^* u_r)}{\partial r^*} + \frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial v_t}{\partial \theta^*} + \frac{\partial w_a}{\partial z^*} = 0 \tag{1}$$

r-momentum equation(r-ME)

$$u_r \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r^*} + \frac{v_t}{r^*} \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta^*} - \frac{v_t^2}{r^*} + w_a \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial z^*} = -\frac{1}{\rho^*} \frac{\partial p^*}{\partial r^*} + \nu^* \left[\frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial}{\partial r^*} \left(\frac{\partial (r^* u_r)}{\partial r^*} \right) + \frac{1}{r^{*2}} \frac{\partial^2 u_r}{\partial \theta^{*2}} - \frac{2}{r^{*2}} \frac{\partial v_t}{\partial \theta} + \frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial^2 (u_r)}{\partial z^{*2}} \right] + \rho g_r \tag{2}$$

θ-momentum equation(θ-ME)

$$u_r \frac{\partial v_t}{\partial r^*} + \frac{v_t}{r^*} \frac{\partial v_t}{\partial \theta^*} + \frac{u_r v_t}{r^*} + w_a \frac{\partial v_t}{\partial z^*} = -\frac{1}{\rho^*} \frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial p^*}{\partial \theta^*} + \nu^* \left[\frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial}{\partial r^*} \left(\frac{\partial (r^* v_t)}{\partial r^*} \right) + \frac{1}{r^{*2}} \frac{\partial^2 v_t}{\partial \theta^{*2}} + \frac{2}{r^{*2}} \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta^*} + \frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial^2 v_t}{\partial z^{*2}} \right] + \rho g_\theta \tag{3}$$

z-momentum equation(z-ME)

$$u_r \frac{\partial w_a}{\partial r^*} + \frac{v_t}{r^*} \frac{\partial w_a}{\partial \theta^*} + w_a \frac{\partial w_a}{\partial z^*} = -\frac{1}{\rho^*} \frac{\partial p^*}{\partial z^*} + \nu \left[\frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial}{\partial r^*} \left(\frac{\partial (r^* w_a)}{\partial r^*} \right) + \frac{1}{r^{*2}} \frac{\partial^2 w_a}{\partial \theta^{*2}} + \frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial^2 w_a}{\partial z^{*2}} \right] + \rho^* g_z \tag{4}$$

By applying the assumptions and boundary conditions to above equations them reduce to Continuity equation (CE)

$$\frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial (r^* u_r)}{\partial r^*} = 0 \tag{5}$$

r-momentum equation(r-ME)

$$-\frac{v_t^2}{r^*} = -\frac{1}{\rho^*} \frac{\partial p^*}{\partial r^*} + v^* \left[\frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial^2 (u_r)}{\partial z^{*2}} \right] \tag{6}$$

θ-momentum equation(θ-ME)

$$u_r \frac{\partial v_t}{\partial r^*} + \frac{u_r v_t}{r^*} = v^* \left[\frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial}{\partial r^*} \left(\frac{\partial (r^* v_t)}{\partial r^*} \right) + \frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial^2 v_t}{\partial z^{*2}} \right] \tag{7}$$

z-momentum equation(z-ME)

$$0 = -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p}{\partial z} \tag{8}$$

Applying Coriolis effects and then ignoring all quadratic terms in v, u and ω the equations above reduce as follow:

$$v_\theta = v + \bar{v} = +r\omega \tag{9}$$

Where,

$v_\theta (r, \theta)$ = disc absolute relative velocity

v = fluid (azimuthal) velocity with reference to frame (disc)

\bar{v} = disc angular velocity

r = the disc radius

ω = angular velocity of the disk.

r-momentum:

$$v^* \left[\frac{1}{r^*} \frac{\partial^2 (u_r)}{\partial z^{*2}} \right] - \frac{1}{\rho^*} \frac{\partial p^*}{\partial r^*} = -\frac{(v_\theta^2 + 2vr^* \omega^* + r^{*2} \omega^{*2})}{r^*} = -2v\omega^* \tag{10}$$

θ-momentum:

$$v^* \left(\frac{\partial^2 (v_\theta + r^* \omega^*)}{\partial z^{*2}} \right) = u_r \frac{\partial (v_\theta + r^* \omega^*)}{\partial r^*} + \frac{u_r (v_\theta + r^* \omega^*)}{r^*}$$

$$v^* \left(\frac{\partial^2 v_\theta}{\partial z^{*2}} \right) = u_r \frac{\partial v_\theta}{\partial r^*} + 2u_r \omega^* \tag{11}$$

(3) To enable larger domain space, we transform to Non-dimensional Parameters using:

$$b = \frac{b^*}{z^*}, a = \frac{a^*}{R_o^*} \eta = \frac{z^*}{b^*}, \kappa = \frac{r^*}{R_o^*}, u = \frac{u_r}{U_o^*}, v = \frac{v_\theta}{V_o^*}, \omega = \frac{\omega^*}{\Omega_o^*}, \Omega_o^* = \frac{V_o^*}{R_o^*}, p = \frac{p^*}{\rho^* U_o^{*2}},$$

$$U_o = \frac{U_o^*}{\omega^* R_o^*} = \frac{Q_b}{2\pi \omega R_o^{*2} b^*}, V_o = \frac{V_o^*}{\omega^* R_o^*} = \frac{Q_b}{2\pi \omega^* R_o^{*2} b^*}, \xi = \frac{b^*}{R_o^*},$$

$$Re = \frac{\rho^* U_o^* b^{*2}}{\mu^*}, Re_r = \xi Re, \alpha = \frac{V_o^*}{U_o^*}$$

Where $u_r, v_\theta, \omega^*, p^*, U_o^*, V_o^*, r^*, z^*, b^*, R_o^*, \Omega_o^*$ and p_o^* are dimensional parameters while a, b, η, r, u, v, p, U_o , and V_o , Re, α and ξ (<<1 aspect ratio) are the dimensionless parameters. Note that U_o, V_o and p_o are the dimensionless mean radial velocity, mean tangential velocity and mean pressure respectively. These non-dimensional parameters are substituted into NS equations which reduced them to the following simplified asymptotic equations:

Continuity equation (CE)

$$\frac{\partial(\kappa R_o^* u U_o^*)}{\partial(\kappa R_o^*)} = \frac{\kappa R_o^* U_o^*}{\kappa R_o^*} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \kappa} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial \kappa} = 0 \quad (12)$$

r-momentum equation

$$\frac{\mu^*}{\rho^*} \left[\frac{\partial^2 (u U_o^*)}{\kappa R_o^* \partial \eta^2 (b^{*2})^2} \right] - \frac{\partial p (\rho^* U_o^{*2})}{\rho^* \partial \kappa (R_o^*)} = -2v V_o^* \omega \Omega_o = -\frac{2v V_o^* \omega V_o^*}{R_o^*}$$

$$\frac{\mu^* U_o^*}{\rho^* b^{*2} \kappa R_o^*} \left[\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \eta^2} \right] - \frac{\rho^* U_o^{*2}}{\rho^* R_o^*} \frac{\partial p}{\partial \kappa} = -\frac{2v V_o^{*2} \omega}{R_o^*} \quad (13)$$

Multiplying thru by $\frac{R_o^*}{U_o^{*2}}$ yields

$$-\frac{1}{\text{Re}_r} \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \eta^2} \right) = -\kappa \frac{\partial p}{\partial \kappa} + 2U_o \omega \alpha^2 \kappa \quad (14)$$

$U_o = \text{constant} =$ is non-dimensional maximum velocity at centreline.

θ -momentum equation

$$\frac{\mu^*}{\rho^*} \frac{1}{R_o^*} \left(\frac{1}{\kappa} \frac{\partial^2 v (V_o^*)}{\partial \eta^2 (b^{*2})} \right) = u U_o^* \frac{\partial v (V_o^*)}{\partial \kappa (R_o^*)} + \frac{2u U_o^* \omega V_o^*}{R_o^*}$$

$$\frac{\mu^* V_o^*}{\rho^* \kappa R_o^* b^{*2}} \left(\frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial \eta^2} \right) = \frac{u U_o^* V_o^*}{R_o^*} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \kappa} + \frac{2u U_o^* \omega V_o^*}{R_o^*} \quad (15)$$

And multiplying thru by $\frac{R_o^*}{U_o^* V_o^*}$ yields

$$\frac{1}{\text{Re}_r} \left(\frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial \eta^2} \right) = \kappa \frac{\partial v}{\partial \kappa} + 2U_o \omega \alpha^2 \kappa \quad (16)$$

Where, $\alpha = \text{swirl ratio} = V_o^*/U_o^* = 1$; U_o^* and V_o^* are dimensional radial and tangential centreline average (or maximum) velocities respectively since this is where the maximum centrifugal force occurs.

Therefore, simplified governing continuity and Navier-Stokes equations are:

Continuity equation:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial \kappa} = 0 \quad (17)$$

r-momentum equation:

$$-\frac{1}{\text{Re}_r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial \eta} \right) = -\kappa \frac{\partial p}{\partial \kappa} + \kappa H \quad (18)$$

Where,

$$H = 2U_o \alpha^2 \omega$$

θ -momentum equation:

$$\frac{1}{\text{Re}_r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial \eta} \right) = \kappa \frac{\partial v}{\partial \kappa} + \kappa G \quad (19)$$

Where,

$$G = 2V_o \omega$$

Subject to the following non-dimensional boundary conditions:

$$R_o : \begin{cases} u_{\kappa o(-z)} = 0, U_{(CL)} = U_{\max}, u_{\kappa o(+z)} = 0 \\ v_{(r_o, -b)} = r_o \omega, V_{(CL)} = V_{\max}, v_{(r_o, +z)} = r_o \omega \end{cases}$$

$$R_i : \begin{cases} u_{\kappa i(-z)} = 0, \frac{dU_{\max}}{dz} = 0, u_{\kappa i(+z)} = 0 \\ v_{\theta(r_i, -b)} = 0, \frac{dV_{\max}}{dz} = 0, v_{(r_i, +b)} = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$P_{\kappa i(z=0)} = 0$$

(20)

Appendix C**RADIAL AND TANGENTIAL VELOCITIES FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS**

For four (4) linear rectangular elements, the following approximation functions are used (Reddy, 1998):

$$\psi_1^e = \left(1 - \frac{r}{a}\right) \left(1 - \frac{z}{b}\right) = 1 - \frac{z}{b} - \frac{r}{a} + \frac{rz}{ab}$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi_1^e}{\partial r} = -\frac{1}{a} + \frac{z}{ab}, \quad \frac{\partial \psi_1^e}{\partial z} = -\frac{1}{b} + \frac{r}{ab}$$

$$\psi_2^e = -\frac{r}{a} \left(1 - \frac{z}{b}\right) = -\frac{r}{a} + \frac{rz}{ab}$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi_2^e}{\partial r} = -\frac{1}{a} + \frac{z}{ab}, \quad \frac{\partial \psi_2^e}{\partial z} = \frac{r}{ab}$$

$$\psi_3^e = \frac{rz}{ab}$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi_3^e}{\partial r} = \frac{z}{ab}, \quad \frac{\partial \psi_3^e}{\partial z} = \frac{r}{ab}$$

$$\psi_4^e = \frac{z}{b} \left(1 - \frac{r}{a}\right) = \frac{z}{b} - \frac{rz}{ab}$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi_4^e}{\partial r} = -\frac{z}{ab}, \quad \frac{\partial \psi_4^e}{\partial z} = \frac{1}{b} - \frac{r}{ab}$$

(1) Four Elements

$$\text{Derivation of stiff matrices: } k_{ij}^e = \frac{1}{\text{Re}_r} \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \int_{\eta_i}^{\eta_{i+1}} \left[\frac{d\psi_i}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_j}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa$$

$$k_{11}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{48b} \quad k_{31}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{24b}$$

$$k_{12}^1 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{24b} \quad k_{32}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{48b}$$

$$k_{13}^1 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{24b} \quad k_{33}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{48b}$$

$$k_{14}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{48b} \quad k_{34}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{24b}$$

$$k_{21}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{24b} \quad k_{41}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{48b}$$

$$k_{22}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{48b} \quad k_{42}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{24b}$$

$$k_{23}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{48b} \quad k_{43}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{24b}$$

$$k_{24}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{24b} \quad k_{44}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{48b}$$

$$k_{11}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{48b} \quad k_{31}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{24b}$$

$$k_{12}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{24b} \quad k_{32}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{48b}$$

$$k_{13}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{24b} \quad k_{33}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{48b}$$

$$k_{14}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{48b} \quad k_{34}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{24b}$$

$$k_{21}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{24b} \quad k_{41}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{48b}$$

$$k_{22}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{48b} \quad k_{42}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{24b}$$

$$k_{23}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{48b} \quad k_{43}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{24b}$$

$$k_{24}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{24b} \quad k_{44}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{48b}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_{11}^3 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{48b} & k_{31}^3 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{24b} \\
 k_{12}^3 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{24b} & k_{32}^3 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{48b} \\
 k_{13}^3 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{24b} & k_{33}^3 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{48b} \\
 k_{14}^3 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{48b} & k_{34}^3 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{24b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_{21}^3 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{24b} & k_{41}^3 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{48b} \\
 k_{22}^3 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{48b} & k_{42}^3 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{24b} \\
 k_{23}^3 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{48b} & k_{43}^3 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{24b} \\
 k_{24}^3 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{24b} & k_{44}^3 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{48b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_{11}^4 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{48b} & k_{31}^4 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{24b} \\
 k_{12}^4 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{24b} & k_{32}^4 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{48b} \\
 k_{13}^4 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{24b} & k_{33}^4 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{48b} \\
 k_{14}^4 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{48b} & k_{34}^4 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{24b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_{21}^4 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{24b} & k_{41}^4 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{48b} \\
 k_{22}^4 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{48b} & k_{42}^4 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{24b} \\
 k_{23}^4 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{48b} & k_{43}^4 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{24b} \\
 k_{24}^4 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{24b} & k_{44}^4 &= \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{48b}
 \end{aligned}$$

Derivation of force matrices: $N_{ij}^e = \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \int_{\eta_i}^{\eta_{i+1}} \left(\kappa \psi_i \frac{d\psi_j}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa$

$$\begin{aligned}
N_{11}^1 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{288} & N_{31}^1 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{288} \\
N_{12}^1 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{288} & N_{32}^1 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{288} \\
N_{13}^1 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{144} & N_{33}^1 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{576} \\
N_{14}^1 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{144} & N_{34}^1 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{576}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
N_{21}^1 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{576} & N_{41}^1 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{144} \\
N_{22}^1 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{576} & N_{42}^1 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{144} \\
N_{23}^1 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{288} & N_{43}^1 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{288} \\
N_{24}^1 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{288} & N_{44}^1 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{288}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
N_{11}^2 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{288} & N_{31}^2 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{288} \\
N_{12}^2 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{288} & N_{32}^2 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{288} \\
N_{13}^2 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{144} & N_{33}^2 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{576} \\
N_{14}^2 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{144} & N_{34}^2 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{576}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
N_{21}^2 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{576} & N_{41}^2 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{144} \\
N_{22}^2 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{576} & N_{42}^2 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{144} \\
N_{23}^2 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{288} & N_{43}^2 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{288} \\
N_{24}^2 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{288} & N_{44}^2 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{288}
\end{aligned}$$

$$N_{11}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{288} \quad N_{11}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{288}$$

$$N_{12}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{288} \quad N_{12}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{288}$$

$$N_{13}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{144} \quad N_{13}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{576}$$

$$N_{14}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{144} \quad N_{14}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{576}$$

$$N_{21}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-49ab}{576} \quad N_{41}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{144}$$

$$N_{22}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{49ab}{576} \quad N_{42}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{144}$$

$$N_{23}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{288} \quad N_{43}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{288}$$

$$N_{24}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{288} \quad N_{44}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{288}$$

$$N_{11}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{288} \quad N_{31}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{288}$$

$$N_{12}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{288} \quad N_{32}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{288}$$

$$N_{13}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{144} \quad N_{33}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{49ab}{576}$$

$$N_{14}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{144} \quad N_{34}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-49ab}{576}$$

$$N_{21}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{576} \quad N_{41}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{144}$$

$$N_{22}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{576} \quad N_{42}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{144}$$

$$N_{23}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{288} \quad N_{43}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{288}$$

$$N_{24}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{288} \quad N_{44}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{288}$$

Derivation of stiffness matrix: $M_{ij}^e = \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \int_{\eta_i}^{\eta_{i+1}} \left(\psi_i \frac{d\psi_j}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa$

$$M_{11}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7b}{64} \quad M_{31}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa\psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{96}$$

$$M_{12}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\psi_1 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7b}{64} \quad M_{32}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa\psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{96}$$

$$M_{13}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\psi_1 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{32} \quad M_{33}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa\psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{192}$$

$$M_{14}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\psi_1 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{32} \quad M_{34}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa\psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{192}$$

$$M_{21}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7b}{192} \quad M_{41}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa\psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{32}$$

$$M_{22}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7b}{192} \quad M_{42}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa\psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{32}$$

$$M_{23}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{96} \quad M_{43}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa\psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{64}$$

$$M_{24}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{96} \quad M_{44}^1 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa\psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{64}$$

$$M_{11}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{64} \quad M_{31}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{96}$$

$$M_{12}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_1 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{64} \quad M_{32}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7b}{192}$$

$$M_{13}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_1 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{32} \quad M_{33}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7b}{192}$$

$$M_{14}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_1 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{32} \quad M_{34}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{96}$$

$$M_{21}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{192} \quad M_{41}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{32}$$

$$M_{22}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{192} \quad M_{42}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7b}{64}$$

$$M_{23}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{96} \quad M_{43}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7b}{64}$$

$$M_{24}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{96} \quad M_{44}^2 = \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{32}$$

$$M_{11}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7b}{192} \quad M_{11}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{32}$$

$$M_{12}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7b}{192} \quad M_{12}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{32}$$

$$M_{13}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{96} \quad M_{13}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{64}$$

$$M_{14}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{96} \quad M_{14}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{64}$$

$$M_{21}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7b}{64} \quad M_{41}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{96}$$

$$M_{22}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7b}{64} \quad M_{42}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{96}$$

$$M_{23}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{32} \quad M_{43}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{192}$$

$$M_{24}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{32} \quad M_{44}^3 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left(\psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{192}$$

$$M_{11}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{192} \quad M_{31}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{32}$$

$$M_{12}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_1 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{192} \quad M_{32}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{32}$$

$$M_{13}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_1 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{96} \quad M_{33}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7b}{64}$$

$$M_{14}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_1 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{96} \quad M_{34}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7b}{64}$$

$$M_{21}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{64} \quad M_{41}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{96}$$

$$M_{22}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{64} \quad M_{42}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{96}$$

$$M_{23}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{b}{32} \quad M_{43}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7b}{192}$$

$$M_{24}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-b}{32} \quad M_{44}^4 = \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left(\psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7b}{192}$$

Derivation of local force matrices: $f_i^e = H \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \int_{\eta_i}^{\eta_{i+1}} (\psi_i \kappa) d\eta d\kappa$

$$f_1^1 = H \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_1 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a^2 b}{32} \quad f_1^3 = H \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_1 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a^2 b}{32}$$

$$f_2^1 = H \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_2 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a^2 b}{64} \quad f_2^3 = H \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_2 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a^2 b}{64}$$

$$f_3^1 = H \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_3 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a^2 b}{192} \quad f_3^3 = H \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_3 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a^2 b}{192}$$

$$f_4^e = H \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_4 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a^2 b}{96} \quad f_4^3 = H \int_{a/2}^a \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_4 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a^2 b}{96}$$

$$f_1^2 = H \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_1 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a^2 b}{96} \quad f_1^4 = H \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_1 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a^2 b}{96}$$

$$f_2^2 = H \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_2 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a^2 b}{192} \quad f_2^4 = H \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_2 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a^2 b}{192}$$

$$f_3^2 = H \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_3 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a^2 b}{64} \quad f_3^4 = H \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_3 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a^2 b}{64}$$

$$f_4^2 = H \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_4 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a^2 b}{32} \quad f_4^4 = H \int_{a/2}^a \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_4 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a^2 b}{32}$$

$$[K^e] = \begin{bmatrix} k_{11} & k_{12} & k_{13} & k_{14} \\ k_{21} & k_{22} & k_{23} & k_{24} \\ k_{31} & k_{32} & k_{33} & k_{34} \\ k_{41} & k_{42} & k_{43} & k_{44} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} N_{11} & N_{12} & N_{13} & N_{14} \\ N_{21} & N_{22} & N_{23} & N_{24} \\ N_{31} & N_{32} & N_{33} & N_{34} \\ N_{41} & N_{42} & N_{43} & N_{44} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[K^1] = \frac{1}{576b \text{Re}_r} \begin{bmatrix} 77 & 31 & -22 & -86 \\ 17 & 8.5 & -13 & -25 \\ -25 & -11 & 12.5 & 23.5 \\ -86 & -22 & 25 & 83 \end{bmatrix} \quad [K^2] = \frac{1}{576b \text{Re}_r} \begin{bmatrix} 83 & 25 & -22 & -86 \\ 23.5 & 12.5 & -11 & -25 \\ -25 & -11 & 15.5 & 20.5 \\ -86 & -22 & 31 & 77 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[K^3] = \frac{1}{576b \text{Re}_r} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 25 & -22 & -14 \\ -0.5 & 108.5 & -77 & -31 \\ -31 & -77 & 87.5 & 20.5 \\ -14 & -22 & 25 & 11 \end{bmatrix} \quad [K^4] = \frac{1}{576b \text{Re}_r} \begin{bmatrix} 11 & 25 & -22 & -14 \\ 20.5 & 87.5 & -77 & -25 \\ -31 & -77 & 108.5 & 0.5 \\ -14 & -22 & 31 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Force vectors

$$[f^1] = H \begin{Bmatrix} \frac{a^2 b}{32} \\ \frac{a^2 b}{64} \\ \frac{a^2 b}{64} \\ \frac{a^2 b}{96} \end{Bmatrix} \quad [f^2] = H \begin{Bmatrix} \frac{a^2 b}{96} \\ \frac{a^2 b}{192} \\ \frac{a^2 b}{64} \\ \frac{a^2 b}{32} \end{Bmatrix} \quad [f^3] = H \begin{Bmatrix} \frac{a^2 b}{32} \\ \frac{7a^2 b}{64} \\ \frac{7a^2 b}{192} \\ \frac{a^2 b}{96} \end{Bmatrix} \quad [f^4] = H \begin{Bmatrix} \frac{a^2 b}{96} \\ \frac{7a^2 b}{192} \\ \frac{7a^2 b}{64} \\ \frac{a^2 b}{32} \end{Bmatrix}$$

Assembling of element equations to obtain domain equations for the four elements:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &K_{11} = k_{11}^1 & K_{24} = k_{24}^1 & K_{67} = k_{23}^3 & K_{58} = k_{14}^3 + k_{32}^4 & K_{75} = k_{31}^3 \\
 &K_{12} = k_{12}^1 & K_{32} = k_{21}^2 & K_{68} = k_{24}^3 & K_{59} = k_{24}^4 & K_{77} = k_{33}^3 \\
 &K_{15} = k_{13}^1 & K_{33} = k_{22}^2 & K_{51} = k_{31}^1 & K_{41} = k_{41}^1 & K_{78} = k_{34}^3 \\
 &K_{14} = k_{14}^1 & K_{36} = k_{23}^2 & K_{52} = k_{32}^1 + k_{41}^2 & K_{42} = k_{42}^1 & K_{86} = k_{42}^3 \\
 &K_{21} = k_{21}^1 & K_{35} = k_{24}^2 & K_{53} = k_{42}^2 & K_{45} = k_{43}^1 + k_{12}^4 & K_{85} = k_{41}^3 + k_{32}^4 \\
 &K_{22} = k_{22}^1 + k_{11}^2 & K_{62} = k_{31}^2 & K_{56} = k_{42}^2 + k_{12}^3 & K_{44} = k_{44}^1 + k_{11}^4 & K_{84} = k_{31}^4 \\
 &K_{23} = k_{12}^2 & K_{63} = k_{32}^2 & K_{55} = k_{33}^1 + k_{44}^2 + k_{11}^3 + k_{22}^4 & K_{48} = k_{13}^4 & K_{87} = k_{43}^3 \\
 &K_{26} = k_{13}^2 & K_{66} = k_{33}^2 + k_{22}^3 & K_{56} = k_{34}^1 + k_{21}^4 & K_{49} = k_{14}^4 & K_{88} = k_{44}^3 + k_{33}^4 \\
 &K_{25} = k_{23}^1 + k_{14}^2 & K_{65} = k_{34}^2 + k_{21}^3 & K_{57} = k_{13}^3 & K_{76} = k_{32}^3 & K_{89} = k_{34}^4 \\
 &K_{95} = k_{42}^4 & K_{94} = k_{41}^4 & K_{98} = k_{43}^4 & K_{99} = k_{44}^4 & \\
 \end{aligned}$$

$$[K^\Omega] = \begin{bmatrix}
 k_{11}^1 & k_{12}^1 & 0 & k_{14}^1 & k_{13}^1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 k_{21}^1 & k_{22}^1 + k_{11}^2 & k_{12}^2 & k_{24}^1 & k_{23}^1 + k_{14}^2 & k_{13}^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & k_{21}^2 & k_{22}^2 & 0 & k_{24}^2 & k_{23}^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 k_{41}^1 & k_{42}^1 & 0 & k_{44}^1 + k_{11}^4 & k_{43}^1 + k_{12}^4 & 0 & k_{14}^4 & k_{13}^4 & 0 \\
 k_{31}^1 & k_{32}^1 + k_{41}^2 & k_{42}^2 & k_{34}^1 + k_{21}^4 & k_{33}^1 + k_{44}^2 + k_{11}^3 + k_{22}^4 & k_{43}^2 + k_{12}^3 & k_{24}^4 & k_{23}^4 + k_{14}^3 & k_{13}^3 \\
 0 & k_{31}^2 & k_{32}^2 & 0 & k_{34}^2 + k_{21}^3 & k_{33}^2 + k_{22}^3 & 0 & k_{24}^3 & k_{23}^3 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & k_{41}^4 & k_{42}^4 & 0 & k_{44}^4 & k_{43}^4 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & k_{31}^4 & k_{32}^4 + k_{41}^3 & k_{42}^3 & k_{34}^4 & k_{33}^4 + k_{44}^3 & k_{33}^3 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & k_{31}^3 & k_{32}^3 & 0 & k_{34}^3 & k_{33}^3
 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[K^\Omega] = \begin{bmatrix}
 77 & 31 & 0 & -86 & -22 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 20.5 & 32 & 25 & -25 & -99 & -22 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & -25 & -11 & 0 & -25 & -11 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 -86 & -22 & 0 & 94 & 50 & 0 & -14 & 26 & 0 \\
 -25 & -97 & -22 & -49 & 182 & 51 & -25 & -101 & -22 \\
 0 & -25 & -11 & 0 & 20 & 124 & 0 & -31 & -77 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & -14 & 26 & 0 & 5 & 31 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & -31 & -101 & -22 & -0.5 & 119.5 & 25 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -31 & -77 & 0 & 20.5 & 87.5
 \end{bmatrix}$$

For a = b = 1 and Re_r = 0.5
 Assembling of local elements equations to obtain domain force vector equation:

$$[F^\Omega] = H \begin{bmatrix} f_1^1 \\ f_2^1 + f_1^2 \\ f_2^2 \\ f_4^1 + f_1^3 \\ f_3^1 + f_4^2 + f_2^3 + f_1^4 \\ f_3^2 + f_2^4 \\ f_4^3 \\ f_3^3 + f_4^4 \\ f_3^4 \end{bmatrix} = H \begin{bmatrix} \frac{a^2b}{32} \\ \frac{5a^2b}{192} \\ \frac{a^2b}{192} \\ \frac{8a^2b}{192} \\ \frac{40a^2b}{192} \\ \frac{10a^2b}{192} \\ \frac{a^2b}{96} \\ \frac{13a^2b}{192} \\ \frac{7a^2b}{64} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{a^2bH}{192} \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ 8 \\ 40 \\ 10 \\ 2 \\ 13 \\ 21 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{a^2bH}{192} \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ 8 \\ 0 \\ 10 \\ 2 \\ 13 \\ 21 \end{bmatrix}$$

Since no flux is specified at node 5,

$$f_3^1 + f_4^2 + f_2^3 + f_1^4 = 0$$

(2) Six Elements

Derivation of stiff matrices: $k_{ij}^e = \frac{1}{\text{Re}_r} \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \int_{\eta_i}^{\eta_{i+1}} \left[\frac{d\psi_i}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_j}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa$

$$k_{11}^1 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a}{162b} \quad k_{31}^1 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b}$$

$$k_{12}^1 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b} \quad k_{32}^1 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{162b}$$

$$k_{13}^1 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} \quad k_{33}^1 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{162b}$$

$$k_{14}^1 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19a}{162b} \quad k_{34}^1 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b}$$

$$k_{21}^1 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b} \quad k_{41}^1 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19a}{162b}$$

$$k_{22}^1 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{162b} \quad k_{42}^1 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b}$$

$$k_{23}^1 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{162b} \quad k_{43}^1 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b}$$

$$k_{24}^1 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} \quad k_{44}^1 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a}{162b}$$

$$k_{11}^2 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a}{162b} \quad k_{31}^2 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b}$$

$$k_{12}^2 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b} \quad k_{32}^2 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{162b}$$

$$k_{13}^2 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} \quad k_{33}^2 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{162b}$$

$$k_{14}^2 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19a}{162b} \quad k_{34}^2 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b}$$

$$k_{21}^2 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b} \quad k_{41}^2 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19a}{162b}$$

$$k_{22}^2 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{162b} \quad k_{42}^2 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b}$$

$$k_{23}^2 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{162b} \quad k_{43}^2 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b}$$

$$k_{24}^2 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} \quad k_{44}^2 = \int_0^{a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a}{162b}$$

$$k_{11}^3 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{162b} \quad k_{31}^3 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b}$$

$$k_{12}^3 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b} \quad k_{32}^3 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{162b}$$

$$k_{13}^3 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b} \quad k_{33}^3 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b}$$

$$k_{14}^3 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b} \quad k_{34}^3 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b}$$

$$k_{21}^3 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b} \quad k_{41}^3 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b}$$

$$k_{22}^3 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b} \quad k_{42}^3 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b}$$

$$k_{23}^3 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{162b} \quad k_{43}^3 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b}$$

$$k_{24}^3 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b} \quad k_{44}^3 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{162b}$$

$$k_{11}^4 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b} \quad k_{31}^4 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b}$$

$$k_{12}^4 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b} \quad k_{32}^4 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{162b}$$

$$k_{13}^4 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b} \quad k_{33}^4 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b}$$

$$k_{14}^4 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{162b} \quad k_{34}^4 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b}$$

$$k_{21}^4 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b} \quad k_{41}^4 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{162b}$$

$$k_{22}^4 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b} \quad k_{42}^4 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b}$$

$$k_{23}^4 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{162b} \quad k_{43}^4 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b}$$

$$k_{24}^4 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b} \quad k_{44}^4 = \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_{11}^5 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{162b} & k_{31}^5 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} \\
 k_{12}^5 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b} & k_{32}^5 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19a}{162b} \\
 k_{13}^5 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} & k_{33}^5 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a}{162b} \\
 k_{14}^5 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{162b} & k_{34}^5 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_{21}^5 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b} & k_{41}^5 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{162b} \\
 k_{22}^5 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a}{162b} & k_{42}^5 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} \\
 k_{23}^5 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19a}{162b} & k_{43}^5 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{324b} \\
 k_{24}^5 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} & k_{44}^5 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{162b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_{11}^6 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{162b} & k_{31}^6 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} \\
 k_{12}^6 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b} & k_{32}^6 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19a}{162b} \\
 k_{13}^6 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} & k_{33}^6 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a}{162b} \\
 k_{14}^6 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{162b} & k_{34}^6 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_{21}^6 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b} & k_{41}^6 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{162b} \\
 k_{22}^6 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a}{162b} & k_{42}^6 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} \\
 k_{23}^6 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19a}{162b} & k_{43}^6 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b} \\
 k_{24}^6 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} & k_{44}^6 &= \int_{2a/3}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{162b}
 \end{aligned}$$

Derivation of force matrices:
$$N_{ij}^e = \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \int_{\eta_i}^{\eta_{i+1}} \left(\kappa \psi_i \frac{d\psi_j}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa$$

$$\begin{aligned}
N_{11}^1 &= \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-49ab}{3888} & N_{31}^1 &= \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{972} \\
N_{12}^1 &= \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{49ab}{3888} & N_{32}^1 &= \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{972} \\
N_{13}^1 &= \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{1944} & N_{33}^1 &= \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{1944} \\
N_{14}^1 &= \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{1944} & N_{34}^1 &= \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{1944}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
N_{21}^1 &= \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{1944} & N_{41}^1 &= \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{1944} \\
N_{22}^1 &= \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{1944} & N_{42}^1 &= \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{1944} \\
N_{23}^1 &= \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{972} & N_{43}^1 &= \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{3888} \\
N_{24}^1 &= \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{972} & N_{44}^1 &= \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{3888}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
N_{11}^2 &= \int_0^a \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{3888} & N_{31}^2 &= \int_0^a \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{972} \\
N_{12}^2 &= \int_0^a \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{3888} & N_{32}^2 &= \int_0^a \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{972} \\
N_{13}^2 &= \int_0^a \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{1944} & N_{33}^2 &= \int_0^a \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{1944} \\
N_{14}^2 &= \int_0^a \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{1944} & N_{34}^2 &= \int_0^a \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{1944}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
N_{21}^2 &= \int_0^a \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{1944} & N_{41}^2 &= \int_0^a \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{1944} \\
N_{22}^2 &= \int_0^a \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{1944} & N_{42}^2 &= \int_0^a \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{1944} \\
N_{23}^2 &= \int_0^a \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{972} & N_{43}^2 &= \int_0^a \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{49ab}{3888} \\
N_{24}^2 &= \int_0^a \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{972} & N_{44}^2 &= \int_0^a \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-49ab}{3888}
\end{aligned}$$

$$N_{11}^3 = \int_0^a \int_0^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-91ab}{3888} \quad N_{31}^3 = \int_0^a \int_0^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{972}$$

$$N_{12}^3 = \int_0^a \int_0^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{91ab}{3888} \quad N_{32}^3 = \int_0^a \int_0^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{972}$$

$$N_{13}^3 = \int_0^a \int_0^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13ab}{1944} \quad N_{33}^3 = \int_0^a \int_0^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{1944}$$

$$N_{14}^3 = \int_0^a \int_0^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13ab}{1944} \quad N_{34}^3 = \int_0^a \int_0^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{1944}$$

$$N_{21}^3 = \int_0^a \int_0^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-49ab}{1944} \quad N_{41}^3 = \int_0^a \int_0^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13ab}{1944}$$

$$N_{22}^3 = \int_0^a \int_0^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{49ab}{1944} \quad N_{42}^3 = \int_0^a \int_0^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13ab}{1944}$$

$$N_{23}^3 = \int_0^a \int_0^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{972} \quad N_{43}^3 = \int_0^a \int_0^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13ab}{3888}$$

$$N_{24}^3 = \int_0^a \int_0^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{972} \quad N_{44}^3 = \int_0^a \int_0^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13ab}{3888}$$

$$N_{11}^4 = \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13ab}{3888} \quad N_{31}^4 = \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{972}$$

$$N_{12}^4 = \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13ab}{3888} \quad N_{32}^4 = \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{972}$$

$$N_{13}^4 = \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13ab}{1944} \quad N_{33}^4 = \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{49ab}{1944}$$

$$N_{14}^4 = \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13ab}{1944} \quad N_{34}^4 = \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-49ab}{1944}$$

$$N_{21}^4 = \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{1944} \quad N_{41}^4 = \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13ab}{1944}$$

$$N_{22}^4 = \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{1944} \quad N_{42}^4 = \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13ab}{1944}$$

$$N_{23}^4 = \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{972} \quad N_{43}^4 = \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{91ab}{3888}$$

$$N_{24}^4 = \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{972} \quad N_{44}^4 = \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-91ab}{3888}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_{11}^5 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-49ab}{3888} & N_{31}^5 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19ab}{972} \\
 N_{12}^5 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{49ab}{3888} & N_{32}^5 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19ab}{972} \\
 N_{13}^5 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{1944} & N_{33}^5 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19ab}{1944} \\
 N_{14}^5 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{1944} & N_{34}^5 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19ab}{1944}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_{21}^5 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-133ab}{1944} & N_{41}^5 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-17ab}{1944} \\
 N_{22}^5 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{133ab}{1944} & N_{42}^5 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{1944} \\
 N_{23}^5 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19ab}{972} & N_{43}^5 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{3888} \\
 N_{24}^5 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-719ab}{972} & N_{44}^5 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{3888}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_{11}^6 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{3888} & N_{31}^4 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19ab}{972} \\
 N_{12}^6 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{3888} & N_{32}^4 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19ab}{972} \\
 N_{13}^6 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{1944} & N_{33}^4 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{133ab}{1944} \\
 N_{14}^6 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{1944} & N_{34}^4 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-133ab}{1944}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_{21}^6 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19ab}{1944} & N_{41}^4 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{1944} \\
 N_{22}^6 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19ab}{1944} & N_{42}^4 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{1944} \\
 N_{23}^6 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19ab}{972} & N_{43}^4 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{49ab}{3888} \\
 N_{24}^6 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19ab}{972} & N_{44}^4 &= \int_a^{2a} \int_b^{2b} \left(\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-49ab}{3888}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$[K^e] = \begin{bmatrix} k_{11} & k_{12} & k_{13} & k_{14} \\ k_{21} & k_{22} & k_{23} & k_{24} \\ k_{31} & k_{32} & k_{33} & k_{34} \\ k_{41} & k_{42} & k_{43} & k_{44} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} N_{11} & N_{12} & N_{13} & N_{14} \\ N_{21} & N_{22} & N_{23} & N_{24} \\ N_{31} & N_{32} & N_{33} & N_{34} \\ N_{41} & N_{42} & N_{43} & N_{44} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[K^1] = \frac{1}{3888b Re_r} \begin{bmatrix} 454 & 108.5 & -77 & -463 \\ 77 & 131 & -22 & -86 \\ -86 & -22 & 85 & 85 \\ -463 & -77 & 87.5 & 449 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[K^2] = \frac{1}{3888b Re_r} \begin{bmatrix} 449 & 87.5 & -91 & -463 \\ 83 & 25 & -22 & -86 \\ -86 & 25 & -17 & 77 \\ -463 & 91 & -80.5 & 560.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[K^3] = \frac{1}{3888b Re_r} \begin{bmatrix} 122.5 & 201.5 & -143 & -181 \\ 107 & 217 & -154 & -170 \\ -170 & -154 & 175 & 149 \\ -181 & -143 & 162.5 & 161.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[K^4] = \frac{1}{3888b Re_r} \begin{bmatrix} 161.5 & 162.5 & -143 & -181 \\ 149 & 175 & -154 & -170 \\ -170 & -154 & 217 & 107 \\ -181 & -143 & 201.5 & 122.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[K^5] = \frac{1}{3888b Re_r} \begin{bmatrix} -0.5 & 108.5 & -77 & -31 \\ -49 & 589 & -418 & -122 \\ -122 & -418 & 475 & 65 \\ -31 & -77 & 87.5 & 20.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[K^6] = \frac{1}{3888b Re_r} \begin{bmatrix} 20.5 & 87.5 & -77 & -31 \\ 65 & 475 & -418 & -122 \\ -122 & -418 & 589 & -49 \\ -31 & -77 & 108.5 & -0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

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Assembling of element equations to obtain domain equations for the four elements:

$$[K^\Omega] = \begin{bmatrix} k_{11}^1 & k_{12}^1 & 0 & k_{14}^1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ k_{21}^1 & k_{22}^1 + k_{11}^2 & k_{23}^2 & 0 & k_{23}^1 + k_{14}^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & k_{21}^2 & k_{33}^3 & 0 & 0 & k_{23}^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ k_{41}^1 & 0 & 0 & k_{44}^1 + k_{11}^3 & k_{43}^1 + k_{12}^3 & k_{14}^3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & k_{32}^1 + k_{41}^2 & 0 & k_{34}^1 + k_{21}^3 & k_{33}^1 + k_{44}^2 + k_{22}^3 + k_{11}^4 & k_{43}^2 + k_{12}^4 & 0 & k_{23}^3 + k_{14}^4 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & k_{32}^2 & 0 & k_{34}^2 + k_{21}^4 & k_{33}^2 + k_{22}^4 & 0 & 0 & k_{23}^4 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & k_{41}^3 & 0 & 0 & k_{44}^3 + k_{11}^5 & k_{43}^3 + k_{12}^5 & 0 & k_{14}^5 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & k_{32}^3 + k_{41}^4 & 0 & k_{34}^3 + k_{21}^5 & k_{33}^3 + k_{44}^4 + k_{22}^5 + k_{11}^6 & k_{43}^4 + k_{12}^6 & 0 & k_{23}^5 + k_{41}^6 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & k_{32}^4 & 0 & 0 & k_{34}^4 + k_{21}^6 & k_{33}^4 + k_{22}^6 & 0 & 0 & k_{23}^6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & k_{41}^5 & 0 & 0 & 0 & k_{44}^5 & k_{43}^5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & k_{32}^5 + k_{41}^6 & 0 & k_{34}^5 & k_{33}^5 + k_{44}^6 & k_{43}^6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & k_{32}^6 & 0 & k_{44}^6 + k_{34}^6 & k_{33}^6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 K_{11} &= k_{11}^1 & K_{36} &= k_{23}^2 & K_{63} &= k_{32}^2 & K_{88} &= k_{33}^3 + k_{44}^4 + k_{22}^5 + k_{11}^6 & K_{10,11} &= k_{43}^5 \\
 K_{12} &= k_{12}^1 & K_{41} &= k_{41}^1 & K_{65} &= k_{34}^2 + k_{21}^4 & K_{89} &= k_{43}^4 + k_{12}^6 & K_{11,8} &= k_{32}^5 + k_{41}^6 \\
 K_{13} &= 0 & K_{44} &= k_{44}^1 + k_{11}^3 & K_{66} &= k_{33}^2 + k_{22}^4 & K_{8,11} &= k_{23}^5 + k_{14}^6 & K_{11,10} &= k_{34}^5 \\
 K_{14} &= k_{14}^1 & K_{45} &= k_{43}^1 + k_{12}^3 & K_{69} &= k_{23}^4 & K_{96} &= k_{32}^4 & K_{11,11} &= k_{33}^5 + k_{44}^6 \\
 K_{21} &= k_{21}^1 & K_{47} &= k_{14}^3 & K_{74} &= k_{41}^3 & K_{98} &= k_{34}^4 + k_{21}^6 & K_{11,12} &= k_{43}^6 \\
 K_{22} &= k_{22}^1 + k_{11}^2 & K_{52} &= k_{32}^1 + k_{41}^2 & K_{77} &= k_{44}^3 + k_{11}^5 & K_{99} &= k_{33}^4 + k_{22}^6 & K_{12,9} &= k_{32}^6 \\
 K_{23} &= k_{23}^2 & K_{54} &= k_{34}^1 + k_{21}^3 & K_{78} &= k_{43}^3 + k_{12}^5 & K_{9,12} &= k_{23}^6 & K_{12,11} &= k_{34}^6 \\
 K_{25} &= k_{23}^1 + k_{14}^2 & K_{56} &= k_{43}^2 + k_{12}^4 & K_{7,10} &= k_{14}^5 & K_{10,7} &= k_{41}^5 & K_{12,12} &= k_{33}^6 \\
 K_{32} &= k_{21}^2 & K_{58} &= k_{23}^3 + k_{14}^4 & K_{85} &= k_{32}^3 + k_{41}^4 & K_{76} &= k_{32}^3 \\
 K_{33} &= k_{33}^2 & K_{55} &= k_{33}^1 + k_{44}^2 + k_{22}^3 + k_{11}^4 & K_{87} &= k_{34}^3 + k_{21}^5 & K_{10,10} &= k_{44}^5
 \end{aligned}$$

Where K_{ij} are the global matrices and k_{ij}^e are the local matrices.

$$[K^\Omega] = \frac{1}{3888b \text{ Re}_r} \begin{bmatrix} 454 & 108.5 & 0 & -463 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 77 & 483.5 & -22 & 0 & -483.5 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 83 & -17 & -22 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -463 & 0 & 0 & 205 & 289 & 0 & -181 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -485 & 0 & 190 & 944 & 82 & 0 & -335 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 26 & 0 & 226 & 156 & 0 & 0 & -154 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -181 & 0 & 0 & -199 & 271 & 0 & -31 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 100 & 887 & 289 & 0 & -449 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -154 & 0 & 172 & 692 & 0 & 0 & -418 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -31 & 0 & 0 & 20.5 & 87.5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -449 & 0 & 65 & 474.5 & 108.5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -418 & 0 & -49 & 589 \end{bmatrix}$$

Determination of force vector $F_i^1 = H \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \int_{\eta_i}^{\eta_{i+1}} (\kappa \psi_i) d\eta d\kappa$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f_1^1 &= H \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_1 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a^2b}{432} & f_1^2 &= H \int_0^{a/3} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_1 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a^2b}{1296} \\
 f_2^1 &= H \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_2 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a^2b}{216} & f_2^2 &= H \int_0^{a/3} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_2 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a^2b}{648} \\
 f_3^1 &= H \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_3 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a^2b}{648} & f_3^2 &= H \int_0^{a/3} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_3 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a^2b}{216} \\
 f_4^1 &= H \int_0^{a/3} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_4 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a^2b}{1296} & f_4^2 &= H \int_0^{a/3} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_4 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a^2b}{432}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f_1^3 &= H \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_1 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a^2b}{432} & f_1^4 &= H \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_1 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a^2b}{1296} \\
 f_2^3 &= H \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_2 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a^2b}{216} & f_2^4 &= H \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_2 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a^2b}{648} \\
 f_3^3 &= H \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_3 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a^2b}{648} & f_3^4 &= H \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_3 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a^2b}{216} \\
 f_4^3 &= H \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_4 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a^2b}{1296} & f_4^4 &= H \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_4 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a^2b}{432} \\
 f_1^5 &= H \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_1 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a^2b}{432} & f_1^6 &= H \int_{2a/3}^a \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_1 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a^2b}{1296} \\
 f_2^5 &= H \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_2 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a^2b}{216} & f_2^6 &= H \int_{2a/3}^a \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_2 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a^2b}{648} \\
 f_3^5 &= H \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_3 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a^2b}{648} & f_3^6 &= H \int_{2a/3}^a \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_3 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a^2b}{216} \\
 f_4^5 &= H \int_{a/3}^{2a/3} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_4 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a^2b}{1296} & f_4^6 &= H \int_{2a/3}^a \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_4 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a^2b}{432}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 [f^1] &= H \begin{Bmatrix} \frac{7a^2b}{432} \\ \frac{a^2b}{216} \\ \frac{a^2b}{648} \\ \frac{7a^2b}{1296} \end{Bmatrix} & [f^2] &= H \begin{Bmatrix} \frac{7a^2b}{1296} \\ \frac{a^2b}{648} \\ \frac{a^2b}{216} \\ \frac{a^2b}{432} \end{Bmatrix} & [f^3] &= H \begin{Bmatrix} \frac{13a^2b}{432} \\ \frac{7a^2b}{216} \\ \frac{7a^2b}{648} \\ \frac{13a^2b}{1296} \end{Bmatrix} & [f^4] &= H \begin{Bmatrix} \frac{13a^2b}{1296} \\ \frac{7a^2b}{648} \\ \frac{7a^2b}{216} \\ \frac{13a^2b}{432} \end{Bmatrix} \\
 [f^5] &= H \begin{Bmatrix} \frac{7a^2b}{432} \\ \frac{19a^2b}{216} \\ \frac{648}{19a^2b} \\ \frac{7a^2b}{1296} \end{Bmatrix} & [f^6] &= H \begin{Bmatrix} \frac{7a^2b}{1296} \\ \frac{648}{19a^2b} \\ \frac{216}{19a^2b} \\ \frac{7a^2b}{432} \end{Bmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

Assembling of local elements equations to obtain domain force vector equation:

$$[F^\Omega] = H \begin{Bmatrix} f_1^1 \\ f_2^1 + f_1^2 \\ f_2^2 \\ f_4^1 + f_1^3 \\ f_3^1 + f_4^2 + f_2^3 + f_1^4 \\ f_3^2 + f_2^4 \\ f_4^3 + f_1^5 \\ f_3^3 + f_4^4 + f_1^6 + f_2^5 \\ f_3^4 + f_2^6 \\ f_4^5 \\ f_3^5 + f_4^6 \\ f_3^6 \end{Bmatrix} = \frac{a^2bH}{1296} \begin{Bmatrix} 21 \\ 13 \\ 2 \\ 46 \\ 60 \\ 8 \\ 51 \\ 174 \\ 80 \\ 7 \\ 59 \\ 114 \end{Bmatrix}$$

Since no flux is specified at node 5,

$$f_3^1 + f_4^2 + f_2^3 + f_1^4 = 0$$

(3) Eight Elements

Derivation of stiff matrices: $k_{ij}^e = \frac{1}{\text{Re}_r} \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \int_{\eta_i}^{\eta_{i+1}} \left[\frac{d\psi_i}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_j}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa$

$$k_{11}^1 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{37a}{384b} \quad k_{31}^1 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-5a}{384b}$$

$$k_{12}^1 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{5a}{384b} \quad k_{32}^1 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{384b}$$

$$k_{13}^1 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-5a}{384b} \quad k_{33}^1 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{384b}$$

$$k_{14}^1 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-37a}{384b} \quad k_{34}^1 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{5a}{384b}$$

$$k_{21}^1 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{5a}{384b} \quad k_{41}^1 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-37a}{384b}$$

$$k_{22}^1 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{384b} \quad k_{42}^1 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-5a}{384b}$$

$$k_{23}^1 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{384b} \quad k_{43}^1 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{5a}{384b}$$

$$k_{24}^1 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-5a}{384b} \quad k_{44}^1 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{37a}{384b}$$

$$k_{11}^2 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{61a}{384b} \quad k_{31}^2 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{384b}$$

$$k_{12}^2 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{384b} \quad k_{32}^2 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{384b}$$

$$k_{13}^2 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{384b} \quad k_{33}^2 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{384b}$$

$$k_{14}^2 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-61a}{384b} \quad k_{34}^2 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{384b}$$

$$k_{21}^2 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{384b} \quad k_{41}^2 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-61a}{384b}$$

$$k_{22}^2 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{384b} \quad k_{42}^2 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{384b}$$

$$k_{23}^2 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{384b} \quad k_{43}^2 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{384b}$$

$$k_{24}^2 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{384b} \quad k_{44}^2 = \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{61a}{384b}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_{11}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{127a}{384b} & k_{31}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-49a}{384b} \\
 k_{12}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{49a}{384b} & k_{32}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19a}{384b} \\
 k_{13}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-49a}{384b} & k_{33}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a}{384b} \\
 k_{14}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-127a}{384b} & k_{34}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{49a}{384b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_{21}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{49a}{384b} & k_{41}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-127a}{384b} \\
 k_{22}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a}{384b} & k_{42}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-49a}{384b} \\
 k_{23}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19a}{384b} & k_{43}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{49a}{384b} \\
 k_{24}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-49a}{384b} & k_{44}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{127a}{384b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_{11}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{127a}{384b} & k_{31}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-49a}{384b} \\
 k_{12}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{49a}{384b} & k_{32}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19a}{384b} \\
 k_{13}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-49a}{384b} & k_{33}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a}{384b} \\
 k_{14}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-127a}{384b} & k_{34}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{49a}{384b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_{21}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{49a}{384b} & k_{41}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-127a}{384b} \\
 k_{22}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a}{384b} & k_{42}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-49a}{384b} \\
 k_{23}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19a}{384b} & k_{43}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{49a}{384b} \\
 k_{24}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-49a}{384b} & k_{44}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{127a}{384b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_{11}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{169a}{384b} & k_{31}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-79a}{384b} \\
 k_{12}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{79a}{384b} & k_{32}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-37a}{384b} \\
 k_{13}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-79a}{384b} & k_{33}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{37a}{384b} \\
 k_{14}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-169a}{384b} & k_{34}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{79a}{384b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_{21}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{79a}{384b} & k_{41}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-169a}{384b} \\
 k_{22}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{37a}{384b} & k_{42}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-79a}{384b} \\
 k_{23}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-37a}{384b} & k_{43}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{79a}{384b} \\
 k_{24}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-79a}{384b} & k_{44}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{169a}{384b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_{11}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{169a}{384b} & k_{31}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-79a}{384b} \\
 k_{12}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{79a}{384b} & k_{32}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-37a}{384b} \\
 k_{13}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-79a}{384b} & k_{33}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{37a}{384b} \\
 k_{14}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-169a}{384b} & k_{34}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{79a}{384b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_{21}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{79a}{384b} & k_{41}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-169a}{384b} \\
 k_{22}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{37a}{384b} & k_{42}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-79a}{384b} \\
 k_{23}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-37a}{384b} & k_{43}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{79a}{384b} \\
 k_{24}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-79a}{384b} & k_{44}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{169a}{384b}
 \end{aligned}$$

Derivation of force matrices: $N_{ij}^e = \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \int_{\eta_i}^{\eta_{i+1}} \left(\kappa \psi_i \frac{d\psi_j}{d\kappa} \right) d\eta d\kappa$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_{11}^1 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-35ab}{4608} & N_{31}^1 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{2304} \\
 N_{12}^1 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{35ab}{4608} & N_{32}^1 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{2304} \\
 N_{13}^1 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{5ab}{2304} & N_{33}^1 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{4608} \\
 N_{14}^1 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-5ab}{2304} & N_{34}^1 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{4608}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_{21}^1 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7ab}{4608} & N_{41}^1 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-5ab}{2304} \\
 N_{22}^1 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7ab}{4608} & N_{42}^1 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{5ab}{2304} \\
 N_{23}^1 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{ab}{2304} & N_{43}^1 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{5ab}{4608} \\
 N_{24}^1 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-ab}{2304} & N_{44}^1 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-5ab}{4608}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_{11}^2 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a}{162b} & N_{31}^2 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} \\
 N_{12}^2 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b} & N_{32}^2 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{162b} \\
 N_{13}^2 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} & N_{33}^2 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{162b} \\
 N_{14}^2 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19a}{162b} & N_{34}^2 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_{21}^2 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b} & N_{41}^2 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19a}{162b} \\
 N_{22}^2 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{162b} & N_{42}^2 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} \\
 N_{23}^2 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{162b} & N_{43}^2 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b} \\
 N_{24}^2 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} & N_{44}^2 &= \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a}{162b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_{11}^3 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a}{162b} & N_{31}^3 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} \\
 N_{12}^3 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b} & N_{32}^3 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{162b} \\
 N_{13}^3 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} & N_{33}^3 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{162b} \\
 N_{14}^3 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19a}{162b} & N_{34}^3 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_{21}^3 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b} & N_{41}^3 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19a}{162b} \\
 N_{22}^3 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{162b} & N_{42}^3 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} \\
 N_{23}^3 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{162b} & N_{43}^3 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b} \\
 N_{24}^3 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} & N_{44}^3 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a}{162b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_{11}^4 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a}{162b} & N_{31}^4 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} \\
 N_{12}^4 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b} & N_{32}^4 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{162b} \\
 N_{13}^4 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} & N_{33}^4 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{162b} \\
 N_{14}^4 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19a}{162b} & N_{34}^4 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_{21}^4 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b} & N_{41}^4 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-19a}{162b} \\
 N_{22}^4 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a}{162b} & N_{42}^4 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} \\
 N_{23}^4 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{162b} & N_{43}^4 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{324b} \\
 N_{24}^4 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{324b} & N_{44}^4 &= \int_0^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a}{162b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_{11}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{162b} & N_{31}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b} \\
 N_{12}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b} & N_{32}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{162b} \\
 N_{13}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b} & N_{33}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b} \\
 N_{14}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b} & N_{34}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_{21}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b} & N_{41}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b} \\
 N_{22}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b} & N_{42}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b} \\
 N_{23}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{162b} & N_{43}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b} \\
 N_{24}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b} & N_{44}^5 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{162b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_{11}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-a}{162b} & N_{31}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b} \\
 N_{12}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b} & N_{32}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{162b} \\
 N_{13}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b} & N_{33}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b} \\
 N_{14}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b} & N_{34}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_{21}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b} & N_{41}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b} \\
 N_{22}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b} & N_{42}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b} \\
 N_{23}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{162b} & N_{43}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b} \\
 N_{24}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b} & N_{44}^6 &= \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{162b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_{11}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b} & N_{31}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b} \\
 N_{12}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b} & N_{32}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{162b} \\
 N_{13}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b} & N_{33}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b} \\
 N_{14}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{162b} & N_{34}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_{21}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b} & N_{41}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{162b} \\
 N_{22}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b} & N_{42}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b} \\
 N_{23}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{162b} & N_{43}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b} \\
 N_{24}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b} & N_{44}^7 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_{11}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b} & N_{31}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b} \\
 N_{12}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b} & N_{32}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{162b} \\
 N_{13}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b} & N_{33}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b} \\
 N_{14}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_1 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{162b} & N_{34}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_3 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_{21}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b} & N_{41}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_1}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{162b} \\
 N_{22}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b} & N_{42}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_2}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b} \\
 N_{23}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-7a}{162b} & N_{43}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_3}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{13a}{324b} \\
 N_{24}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_2 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{-13a}{324b} & N_{44}^8 &= \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b \left[\kappa \psi_4 \frac{d\psi_4}{d\eta} \right] d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a}{162b}
 \end{aligned}$$

Derivation of local force matrices: $f_i^e = H \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \int_{\eta_i}^{\eta_{i+1}} (\psi_i \kappa) d\eta d\kappa$

$$f_1^1 = H \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_1 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{5a^2b}{512} \quad f_1^3 = H \int_{a/3}^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_1 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{11a^2b}{512}$$

$$f_2^1 = H \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_2 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a^2b}{512} \quad f_2^3 = H \int_{a/3}^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_2 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a^2b}{512}$$

$$f_3^1 = H \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_3 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a^2b}{1536} \quad f_3^3 = H \int_{a/3}^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_3 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a^2b}{1536}$$

$$f_4^e = H \int_0^{a/4} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_4 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{5a^2b}{1536} \quad f_4^3 = H \int_{a/3}^{a/2} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_4 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{11a^2b}{1536}$$

$$f_1^2 = H \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_1 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{5a^2b}{1536} \quad f_1^4 = H \int_{a/3}^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_1 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{11a^2b}{1536}$$

$$f_2^2 = H \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_2 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a^2b}{1536} \quad f_2^4 = H \int_{a/3}^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_2 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a^2b}{1536}$$

$$f_3^2 = H \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_3 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{a^2b}{512} \quad f_3^4 = H \int_{a/3}^{a/2} \int_b^{2b} (\psi_3 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{7a^2b}{512}$$

$$f_4^2 = H \int_0^{a/4} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_4 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{5a^2b}{512} \quad f_4^4 = H \int_{a/3}^{a/2} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_4 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{11a^2b}{512}$$

$$f_1^5 = H \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_1 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{11a^2b}{512} \quad f_1^7 = H \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_1 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{5a^2b}{512}$$

$$f_2^5 = H \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_2 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a^2b}{512} \quad f_2^7 = H \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_2 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{37a^2b}{512}$$

$$f_3^5 = H \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_3 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a^2b}{1536} \quad f_3^7 = H \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_3 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{37a^2b}{1536}$$

$$f_4^5 = H \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_4 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{11a^2b}{1536} \quad f_4^7 = H \int_{3a/4}^a \int_0^{b/2} (\psi_4 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{5a^2b}{1536}$$

$$f_1^6 = H \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_1 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{11a^2b}{1536} \quad f_1^8 = H \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_1 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{5a^2b}{1536}$$

$$f_2^6 = H \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_2 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a^2b}{1536} \quad f_2^8 = H \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_2 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{37a^2b}{1536}$$

$$f_3^6 = H \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_b^{2b} (\psi_3 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{19a^2b}{512} \quad f_3^8 = H \int_{3a/4}^a \int_b^{2b} (\psi_3 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{37a^2b}{512}$$

$$f_4^6 = H \int_{a/2}^{3a/4} \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_4 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{11a^2b}{512} \quad f_4^8 = H \int_{3a/4}^a \int_{b/2}^b (\psi_4 \kappa) d\eta d\kappa = \frac{5a^2b}{512}$$

Element matrices are:

$$[K^e] = \begin{bmatrix} k_{11} & k_{12} & k_{13} & k_{14} \\ k_{21} & k_{22} & k_{23} & k_{24} \\ k_{31} & k_{32} & k_{33} & k_{34} \\ k_{41} & k_{42} & k_{43} & k_{44} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} N_{11} & N_{12} & N_{13} & N_{14} \\ N_{21} & N_{22} & N_{23} & N_{24} \\ N_{31} & N_{32} & N_{33} & N_{34} \\ N_{41} & N_{42} & N_{43} & N_{44} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[K^1] = \frac{1}{4608b Re_r} \begin{bmatrix} 426.5 & 77.5 & -55 & -449 \\ 56.5 & 15.5 & -11 & -61 \\ -61 & -11 & 12.5 & 59.5 \\ -449 & -55 & 62.5 & 446.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[K^2] = \frac{1}{4608b Re_r} \begin{bmatrix} 729.5 & 86.5 & -79 & -737 \\ 83.5 & 12.5 & -11 & -85 \\ -85 & -11 & 15.5 & 80.5 \\ -802 & -7 & 29.5 & 66.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[K^3] = \frac{1}{4608b Re_r} \begin{bmatrix} 1053.5 & 338.5 & -289 & -1103 \\ 275.5 & 108.5 & -77 & -307 \\ -307 & -77 & 87.5 & 296.5 \\ -1103 & -289 & 305.5 & 1086.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[K^4] = \frac{1}{4608b Re_r} \begin{bmatrix} 1086.5 & 305.5 & -289 & -1103 \\ 303.5 & 87.5 & -77 & -307 \\ -307.5 & -77 & 108.5 & 275.5 \\ -1103 & -289 & 338.5 & 1053.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[K^5] = \frac{1}{4608b Re_r} \begin{bmatrix} 1485.5 & 626.5 & -577 & -1535 \\ 521.5 & 294.5 & -209 & -607 \\ -607 & -209 & 237.5 & 578.5 \\ -1535 & -577 & 593.5 & 1518.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[K^6] = \frac{1}{4608b Re_r} \begin{bmatrix} 1518.5 & 593.5 & -577 & -1535 \\ 578.5 & 237.5 & -209 & -607 \\ -607 & -209 & 294.5 & 521.5 \\ -1535 & -577 & 626.5 & 1485.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[K^7] = \frac{1}{4608b Re_r} \begin{bmatrix} 2010.5 & 965.5 & -943 & -2033 \\ 818.5 & 573.5 & -407 & -985 \\ -985 & -407 & 462.5 & 929.5 \\ -2033 & -943 & 950.5 & 2025.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[K^8] = \frac{1}{4608b Re_r} \begin{bmatrix} 2025.5 & 950.5 & -943 & -2033 \\ 929.5 & 462.5 & -425.5 & -966.5 \\ -966.5 & -425.5 & 573.5 & 818.5 \\ -2030.5 & -945.5 & 965.5 & 2010.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

And force vectors are

$$f_1^1 = \frac{5a^2b}{512} \quad f_1^3 = \frac{11a^2b}{512} \quad f_1^5 = \frac{11a^2b}{512} \quad f_1^7 = \frac{5a^2b}{512}$$

$$f_2^1 = \frac{a^2b}{512} \quad f_2^3 = \frac{7a^2b}{512} \quad f_2^5 = \frac{19a^2b}{512} \quad f_2^7 = \frac{37a^2b}{512}$$

$$f_3^1 = \frac{a^2b}{1536} \quad f_3^3 = \frac{7a^2b}{1536} \quad f_3^5 = \frac{19a^2b}{1536} \quad f_3^7 = \frac{37a^2b}{1536}$$

$$f_4^e = \frac{5a^2b}{1536} \quad f_4^3 = \frac{11a^2b}{1536} \quad f_4^5 = \frac{11a^2b}{1536} \quad f_4^7 = \frac{5a^2b}{1536}$$

$$f_1^2 = \frac{5a^2b}{1536} \quad f_1^4 = \frac{11a^2b}{1536} \quad f_1^6 = \frac{11a^2b}{1536} \quad f_1^8 = \frac{5a^2b}{1536}$$

$$f_2^2 = \frac{a^2b}{1536} \quad f_2^4 = \frac{7a^2b}{1536} \quad f_2^6 = \frac{19a^2b}{1536} \quad f_2^8 = \frac{37a^2b}{1536}$$

$$f_3^2 = \frac{a^2b}{512} \quad f_3^4 = \frac{7a^2b}{512} \quad f_3^6 = \frac{19a^2b}{512} \quad f_3^8 = \frac{37a^2b}{512}$$

$$f_4^2 = \frac{5a^2b}{512} \quad f_4^4 = \frac{11a^2b}{512} \quad f_4^6 = \frac{11a^2b}{512} \quad f_4^8 = \frac{5a^2b}{512}$$

Global matrix for the eight elements:

$$\begin{aligned}
 K_{11} &= k_{11}^1 & K_{36} &= k_{23}^2 & K_{63} &= k_{32}^2 & K_{88} &= k_{33}^3 + k_{44}^4 + k_{22}^5 + k_{11}^6 & K_{10,13} &= k_{14}^7 & K_{13,10} &= k_{41}^7 \\
 K_{12} &= k_{12}^1 & K_{41} &= k_{41}^1 & K_{65} &= k_{34}^2 + k_{21}^4 & K_{89} &= k_{43}^4 + k_{12}^6 & K_{11,8} &= k_{32}^5 + k_{41}^6 & K_{13,13} &= k_{44}^7 \\
 K_{13} &= 0 & K_{44} &= k_{44}^1 + k_{11}^3 & K_{66} &= k_{33}^2 + k_{22}^4 & K_{8,11} &= k_{23}^5 + k_{14}^6 & K_{11,10} &= k_{34}^5 + k_{21}^7 & K_{13,14} &= k_{43}^7 \\
 K_{14} &= k_{14}^1 & K_{45} &= k_{43}^1 + k_{12}^3 & K_{69} &= k_{23}^4 & K_{96} &= k_{32}^4 & K_{11,11} &= k_{33}^5 + k_{44}^6 + k_{22}^7 + k_{11}^8 & K_{14,11} &= k_{32}^7 + k_{41}^8 \\
 K_{21} &= k_{21}^1 & K_{47} &= k_{14}^3 & K_{74} &= k_{41}^3 & K_{98} &= k_{34}^4 + k_{21}^6 & K_{11,12} &= k_{43}^6 + k_{12}^8 & K_{14,13} &= k_{34}^7 \\
 K_{22} &= k_{22}^2 + k_{11}^2 & K_{52} &= k_{32}^1 + k_{41}^2 & K_{77} &= k_{44}^3 + k_{11}^5 & K_{99} &= k_{33}^4 + k_{22}^6 & K_{11,14} &= k_{23}^7 + k_{14}^8 & K_{14,14} &= k_{33}^7 + k_{44}^8 \\
 K_{23} &= k_{23}^2 & K_{54} &= k_{34}^1 + k_{21}^3 & K_{78} &= k_{43}^3 + k_{12}^5 & K_{9,12} &= k_{23}^6 & K_{12,9} &= k_{32}^6 & K_{14,15} &= k_{43}^8 \\
 K_{25} &= k_{23}^1 + k_{14}^2 & K_{56} &= k_{43}^2 + k_{12}^4 & K_{7,10} &= k_{14}^5 & K_{10,7} &= k_{41}^5 & K_{12,11} &= k_{34}^6 + k_{21}^8 & K_{15,12} &= k_{32}^8 \\
 K_{32} &= k_{21}^2 & K_{58} &= k_{23}^3 + k_{14}^4 & K_{85} &= k_{32}^3 + k_{41}^4 & K_{10,10} &= k_{44}^5 + k_{11}^7 & K_{12,12} &= k_{33}^6 + k_{22}^8 & K_{15,14} &= k_{34}^8 \\
 K_{33} &= k_{33}^2 & K_{55} &= k_{33}^1 + k_{44}^2 + k_{22}^3 + k_{11}^4 & K_{87} &= k_{34}^3 + k_{21}^5 & K_{10,11} &= k_{43}^5 + k_{12}^7 & K_{12,15} &= k_{23}^8 & K_{15,15} &= k_{33}^8
 \end{aligned}$$

$$[K^\Omega] = \frac{1}{4608b \operatorname{Re}_r} \begin{bmatrix}
 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1272a+4ab^2 \operatorname{Re}_r & 0 & 0 & -1176a-8ab^2 \operatorname{Re}_r & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1176a-8ab^2 \operatorname{Re}_r & 0 & 0 & 2929a+52ab^2 \operatorname{Re}_r & 0 & 0 & -1752a+16ab^2 \operatorname{Re}_r & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1752a+16ab^2 \operatorname{Re}_r & 0 & 0 & 2196a+196ab^2 \operatorname{Re}_r & 0 & 0 & 1536a+82ab^2 \operatorname{Re}_r & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -2472a+69ab^2 \operatorname{Re}_r & 0 & 0 & 2472a+2ab^2 \operatorname{Re}_r & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1
 \end{bmatrix}$$

and for force vector is

$$F_i^e = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f_1^1 \\ f_2^1 + f_1^2 \\ f_2^2 \\ f_4^1 + f_1^3 \\ f_3^1 + f_4^2 + f_2^3 + f_1^4 \\ f_3^2 + f_2^4 \\ f_4^3 + f_1^5 \\ f_3^3 + f_4^4 + f_2^5 + f_1^6 \\ f_3^4 + f_2^6 \\ f_4^5 + f_1^7 \\ f_3^5 + f_4^6 + f_2^7 + f_1^8 \\ f_3^6 + f_2^8 \\ f_4^7 \\ f_3^7 + f_4^8 \\ f_3^8 \end{array} \right\} = \frac{ab^2}{1536} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 15 \\ 20 \\ 1 \\ 38 \\ 42 \\ 10 \\ 44 \\ 108 \\ 40 \\ 26 \\ 168 \\ 94 \\ 5 \\ 52 \\ f_3^8 \end{array} \right\}$$

Appendix D

PRESSURE DISTRIBUTION FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS

Therefore for pressure distribution, we used linear elements four our analyses as two, three and four linear elements as follows:

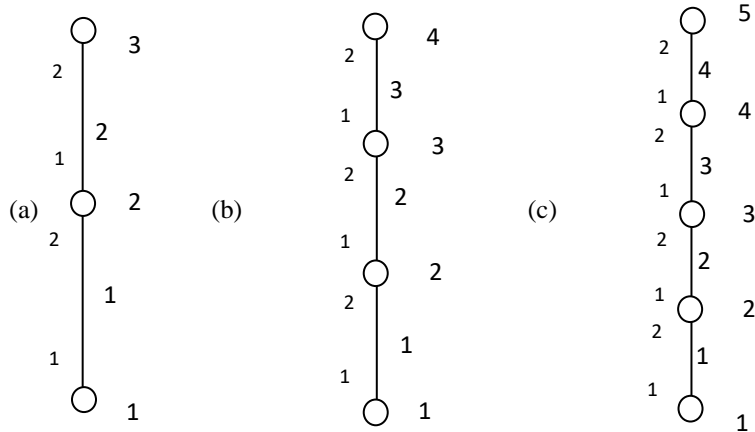


Fig. 2: 2, 3 and 4 Linear Elements
 Applied linear interpolation functions

$$\psi_i = \frac{\kappa_{i+1} - \kappa}{\kappa_{i+1} - \kappa_i} = \frac{\kappa_{i+1}}{\kappa_{i+1} - \kappa_i} - \frac{\kappa}{\kappa_{i+1} - \kappa_i} = 1 - \frac{\kappa}{h_e} \tag{1}$$

$$\psi_j = \frac{\kappa - \kappa_i}{\kappa_{i+1} - \kappa_i} = \frac{\kappa}{\kappa_{i+1} - \kappa_i} - \frac{\kappa_i}{\kappa_{i+1} - \kappa_i} = \frac{\kappa}{h_e}$$

Differentiating with respect to κ

$$\frac{d\psi_i}{d\kappa} = -\frac{1}{h_e} \tag{2}$$

$$\frac{d\psi_j}{d\kappa} = \frac{1}{h_e}$$

(1) Two Linear Elements

$$k_{ij}^e = \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} \left(\psi_i \frac{d\psi_j}{d\kappa} \right) d\kappa \tag{3}$$

The local stiffness matrix is

$$\begin{aligned} k_{11}^1 &= -\frac{1}{2} k_{11}^2 = \frac{1}{2} \\ k_{12}^1 &= \frac{1}{2} \quad k_{12}^2 = -\frac{1}{2} \\ k_{21}^1 &= -\frac{1}{2} k_{21}^2 = -\frac{3}{2} \\ k_{22}^1 &= \frac{1}{2} \quad k_{22}^2 = \frac{3}{2} \\ k_{ij}^1 &= \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad k_{ij}^2 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -3 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \tag{4}$$

And the local element force matrix is

$$f_i^e = -2\alpha^2 \omega U_o \int_{\kappa_i}^{\kappa_{i+1}} (\psi_i) d\kappa \tag{5}$$

$$f_1^1 = -2\alpha^2 \omega V \frac{a}{4}$$

$$f_2^1 = -2\alpha^2 \omega V \frac{a}{4} \tag{6}$$

$$f_1^2 = -2\alpha^2 \omega V \frac{-a}{4}$$

$$f_2^2 = -2\alpha^2 \omega V \frac{3a}{4}$$

While the local element source matrix is

$$Q = 0 \tag{7}$$

(2) Three Linear Elements

The local stiffness matrix is

$$k_{11}^1 = -\frac{1}{2} \quad k_{11}^2 = \frac{1}{2} \quad k_{11}^3 = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$k_{12}^1 = \frac{1}{2} \quad k_{12}^2 = -\frac{1}{2} \quad k_{12}^3 = -\frac{3}{2} \tag{8}$$

$$k_{21}^1 = -\frac{1}{2} \quad k_{21}^2 = -\frac{3}{2} \quad k_{21}^3 = -\frac{5}{2}$$

$$k_{22}^1 = \frac{1}{2} \quad k_{22}^2 = \frac{3}{2} \quad k_{22}^3 = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$k_{ij}^1 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad k_{ij}^2 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -3 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad k_{ij}^3 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 \\ -5 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \tag{9}$$

And the local element force matrix is

$$f_1^1 = -2\alpha^2 \omega V \frac{a}{6}$$

$$f_2^1 = -2\alpha^2 \omega V \frac{a}{6}$$

$$f_1^2 = -2\alpha^2 \omega V \frac{-a}{6} \tag{10}$$

$$f_2^2 = -2\alpha^2 \omega V \frac{a}{2}$$

$$f_1^3 = -2\alpha^2 \omega V \frac{-a}{2}$$

$$f_2^3 = -2\alpha^2 \omega V \frac{5a}{6}$$

While the local element source matrix is

$$Q = 0 \tag{11}$$

(3) Four Linear Elements

The local stiffness matrix is

$$k_{11}^1 = -\frac{1}{2} \quad k_{11}^2 = \frac{1}{2} \quad k_{11}^3 = \frac{3}{2} \quad k_{11}^4 = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$k_{12}^1 = \frac{1}{2} \quad k_{12}^2 = -\frac{1}{2} \quad k_{12}^3 = -\frac{3}{2} \quad k_{12}^4 = -\frac{5}{2} \tag{12}$$

$$k_{21}^1 = -\frac{1}{2} \quad k_{21}^2 = -\frac{3}{2} \quad k_{21}^3 = -\frac{5}{2} \quad k_{21}^4 = -\frac{7}{2}$$

$$k_{22}^1 = \frac{1}{2} \quad k_{22}^2 = \frac{3}{2} \quad k_{22}^3 = \frac{5}{2} \quad k_{22}^4 = \frac{7}{2}$$

$$k_{ij}^1 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad k_{ij}^2 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -3 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad k_{ij}^3 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 \\ -5 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad k_{ij}^4 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -5 \\ -7 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \quad (13)$$

And the local element force matrix is

$$\begin{aligned} f_1^1 &= -2\alpha^2 \omega V \frac{a}{8} \\ f_2^1 &= -2\alpha^2 \omega V \frac{a}{8} \\ f_1^2 &= -2\alpha^2 \omega V \frac{-a}{8} \\ f_2^2 &= -2\alpha^2 \omega V \frac{3a}{8} \\ f_1^3 &= -2\alpha^2 \omega V \frac{-3a}{8} \\ f_2^3 &= -2\alpha^2 \omega V \frac{5a}{8} \\ f_1^4 &= -2\alpha^2 \omega V \frac{-5a}{8} \\ f_2^4 &= -2\alpha^2 \omega V \frac{7a}{8} \end{aligned} \quad (14)$$

While the local element source matrix is

$$Q = 0 \quad (15)$$

Appendix E

DERIVATION OF CLOSE-FORMED ANALYTICAL SOLUTION FOR RADIAL AND TANGENTIAL VELOCITIES AND PRESSURE DISTRIBUTION

(1) Close-formed Analytical Solution Formulation for Radial Velocity

$$-2U_o \omega \alpha^2 \kappa = -\kappa \frac{\partial p}{\partial \kappa} + \frac{1}{\text{Re}} \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \eta^2} \right)$$

Assume that $\left(\frac{dp}{d\kappa} = 0 \right)$, the governing equation reduces to:

$$-2U_o \omega \alpha^2 \kappa = \frac{1}{\text{Re}} \left(\frac{d^2 u}{d\eta^2} \right) \quad (1)$$

Subject to boundary conditions:

$$u(\eta = +b) = u(\eta = -b) = 0 \quad (2)$$

Where

$$G = 2U_o \alpha^2 \omega \text{Re}_r \quad (3)$$

Integrating twice will yield

$$u(\eta) = G\eta^2 + C_1\eta + C_2 \quad (4)$$

Applying boundary conditions to equation (4) yields

$$u(\eta = +b) = Gb^2 + C_1b + C_2 = 0 \quad (5)$$

$$u(\eta = -b) = Gb^2 - C_1b + C_2 = 0 \tag{6}$$

Adding equations (5) and (6) yields

$$C_2 = -Gb^2 \tag{7}$$

By substituting for the constant C_2 into equation (5) gives

$$C_1 = 0 \tag{8}$$

Substituting the constants into equation (4) yields:

$$\begin{aligned} u(\eta) &= -Gb^2(1 - \eta^2) \\ &= 2U_o \alpha^2 \omega \kappa \text{Re}_r b^2 (1 - \eta^2) \end{aligned} \tag{9}$$

Where b = element length or interval

(2) Asymptotic Analytical Solution Formulation for Tangential Velocity

Here we derived the analytical solution from the governing tangential velocity equation as follows.

Our governing equation for r-momentum is:

$$V_o \kappa \frac{\partial v}{\partial \kappa} + 2V_o \omega \kappa = \frac{1}{\text{Re}_r} \left(\frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial \eta^2} \right) \tag{10}$$

Subject to boundary conditions:

$$\begin{aligned} v(\kappa, \eta = +1) &= v(\kappa, \eta = -1) = \kappa_i \omega = 0 \\ v(\kappa_0, \eta = +1) &= v(\kappa_0, \eta = -1) = \kappa_0 \omega \end{aligned} \tag{11}$$

Assume that $\left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial \kappa} = 0 \right)$, the governing equation reduces to:

$$\frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial \eta^2} = -2V_o \omega \kappa \text{Re}_r \tag{12}$$

Subject to boundary conditions:

$$\begin{aligned} v(\kappa, \eta = +1) &= v(\kappa, \eta = -1) = \kappa_i \omega = 0 \\ v(\kappa_0, \eta = +1) &= v(\kappa_0, \eta = -1) = \kappa_0 \omega \end{aligned} \tag{13}$$

Integrating (12) twice and imposing boundary conditions yields

$$v(\eta) = 2V_o \omega \kappa \text{Re}_r \eta^2 + C_1 \eta + C_2 \tag{14}$$

$$v(\eta = +b) = 2V_o \omega \kappa \text{Re}_r b^2 + C_1 b + C_2 = 0 \tag{15}$$

$$u(\eta = -b) = 2V_o \omega \kappa \text{Re}_r b^2 - C_1 b + C_2 = 0 \tag{16}$$

Adding equations (15) and (16) yields

$$C_2 = -2V_o \omega \kappa \text{Re}_r b^2 \tag{17}$$

By substituting the constant in (17) into equation (15) gives

$$C_1 = 0 \tag{18}$$

Substituting the constants into equation (14) yields:

$$v(\eta) = 2V_o \omega \kappa \operatorname{Re}_r b^2 (1 - \eta^2) \tag{19}$$

Where b = element length or interval

(3) Asymptotic Analytical Solution for Pressure Distribution

Governing equation is;

$$-2\alpha^2 U_o \omega = -\frac{dp}{d\kappa} \tag{20}$$

Subject to:

$$p(\kappa_i = 0) = 0 \tag{21}$$

By integrating once yields:

$$p(\kappa) = -2\alpha^2 U_o \omega \kappa + C_1 \tag{22}$$

Applying boundary condition

$$p(\kappa) = -2\alpha^2 U_o \omega (0) + C_1 = 0 \tag{23}$$

So that

$$C_1 = 0 \tag{24}$$

Substituting for C_1 into (22) yields

$$p(\kappa) = -2\alpha^2 U_o \omega \kappa \tag{25}$$

